Census Release II: Population by Age and Sex, Dwelling Characteristics

May 30, 2017. For information, contact Virginia McFarland, x1522

Data Source

Source: Statistics Canada. 2017. *Various Geographies*. *Census Profile.* **2016 Census. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-316-X2016001. Ottawa. Released May 3, 2017. http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/dp-pd/prof/index.cfm?Lang=E (accessed May 5, 2017).**

Global Non-response Rates (1), by Grey Bruce Census Subdivision

Global non-response (GNR) rates are provided for both the short- and long-form censuses. The GNR rate combines two non-response concepts: total non-response (households) and partial non-response (questions), and it's calculated both for the short- and long-form Censuses. Higher GNR rates indicate a higher likelihood of non-response bias.

Statistics Canada sets a 50% GNR rate threshold for data released. This threshold was determined following the 2011 Census and National Household Survey—a GNR rate of 50% or greater is below an acceptable quality and not released.

At the national level, the GNR rate for the 2016 Short-form Census was 4.1%, while at the provincial level it was 3.7%

Table 1. 2016 Short-form Census Global Non-response Rates for Grey Bruce Census Subdivisions

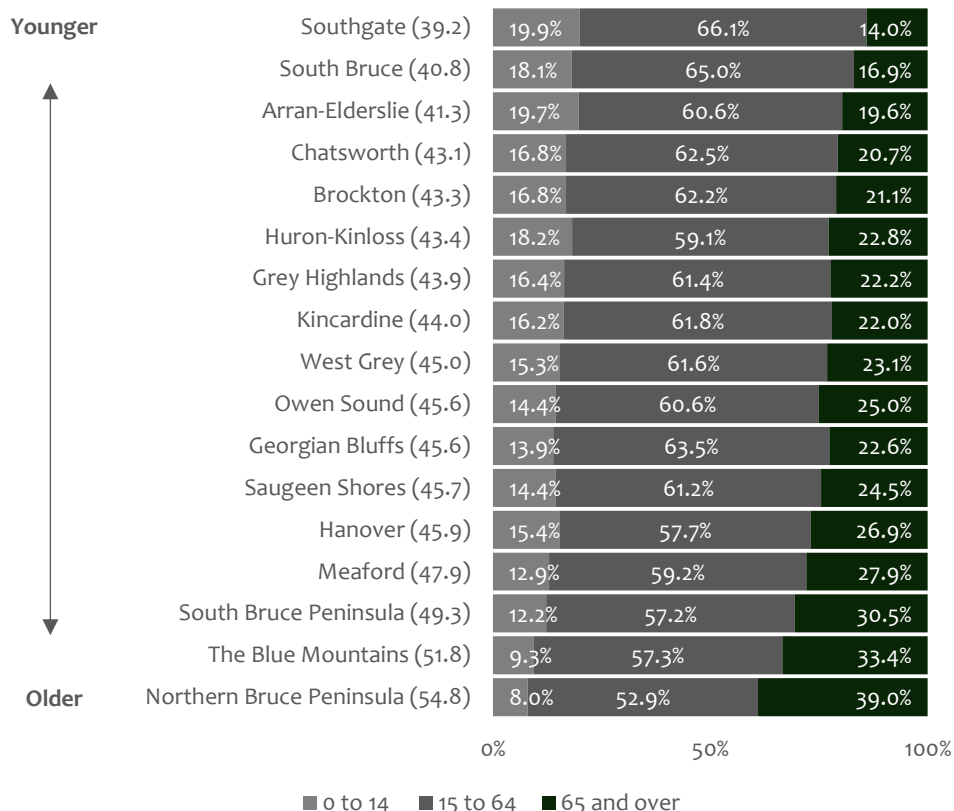| Census Subdivision	Global Non-response Rate
Saugeen First Nation	46.0%
Neyaashiinigmiing First Nation	30.5%
Northern Bruce Peninsula	7.3%
Huron-Kinloss	6.1%
Hanover	6.0%
Owen Sound	5.5%
Chatsworth	5.4%
South Bruce Peninsula	5.4%
Brockton	5.1%
Saugeen Shores	5.1%
The Blue Mountains	4.9%
Arran-Elderslie	4.8%
Kincardine	4.7%
Grey Highlands	4.7%
Southgate	4.6%
West Grey	4.6%
Meaford	4.1%
South Bruce	4.0%
Georgian Bluffs	4.0%

Reference:

1. Statistics Canada. Guide to the Census of Population, 2016 [Internet]. Queen's Printer for Canada; 2017 [cited 2017 May 19]. Available from: http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/ref/98-304/chap11-eng.cfm

Population Age Distribution, Grey Bruce Overview

There is significant variation in age distribution across the Grey Bruce census subdivisions (excluding first nation reserves). Mean age ranges from 39.2 years in Southgate to 54.8 years in Northern Bruce Peninsula (Figure 1). The average age in both Ontario and Canada is 41.0 years.

Figure 1. 2016 Census Age Distribution by Grey Bruce Census Subdivision (in Ascending Order of Mean Age)

	0 to 14	15 to 64	65 and over
Southgate (39.2)	19.9%	66.1%	14.0%
South Bruce (40.8)	18.1%	65.0%	16.9%
Arran-Elderslie (41.3)	19.7%	60.6%	19.6%
Chatsworth (43.1)	16.8%	62.5%	20.7%
Brockton (43.3)	16.8%	62.2%	21.1%
Huron-Kinloss (43.4)	18.2%	59.1%	22.8%
Grey Highlands (43.9)	16.4%	61.4%	22.2%
Kincardine (44.0)	16.2%	61.8%	22.0%
West Grey (45.0)	15.3%	61.6%	23.1%
Owen Sound (45.6)	14.4%	60.6%	25.0%
Georgian Bluffs (45.6)	13.9%	63.5%	22.6%
Saugeen Shores (45.7)	14.4%	61.2%	24.5%
Hanover (45.9)	15.4%	57.7%	26.9%
Meaford (47.9)	12.9%	59.2%	27.9%
South Bruce Peninsula (49.3)	12.2%	57.2%	30.5%
The Blue Mountains (51.8)	9.3%	57.3%	33.4%
Northern Bruce Peninsula (54.8)	8.0%	52.9%	39.0%

Younger → Older

The percentage of population aged 0 to 14 ranges from as high as 19.9% in Southgate to as low as 8.0% in Northern Bruce Peninsula. Conversely, the percentage of population aged 65 and over ranges from as high as 39.0% in Northern Bruce Peninsula to as low as 14.0% in Southgate. The three 'youngest' municipalities are Southgate, South Bruce and Arran-Elderslie, while the three 'oldest' are Northern Bruce Peninsula, The Blue Mountains, and South Bruce Peninsula. In Canada, 16.6% of the population is under age 15, while 16.9% of the population is aged 65 or over. In Ontario, 16.4% of the population is under age 15, while 16.7% of the population is aged 65 or over. Nine of our 19 populated census subdivisions have percentages of children under age 15 that are at or above the Ontario rate. Sixteen of our 19 populated census subdivisions have percentages of seniors that are at or above the Ontario rate, and two of those (Northern Bruce Peninsula and The Blue Mountains) are at double or higher compared to the Ontario percentage.
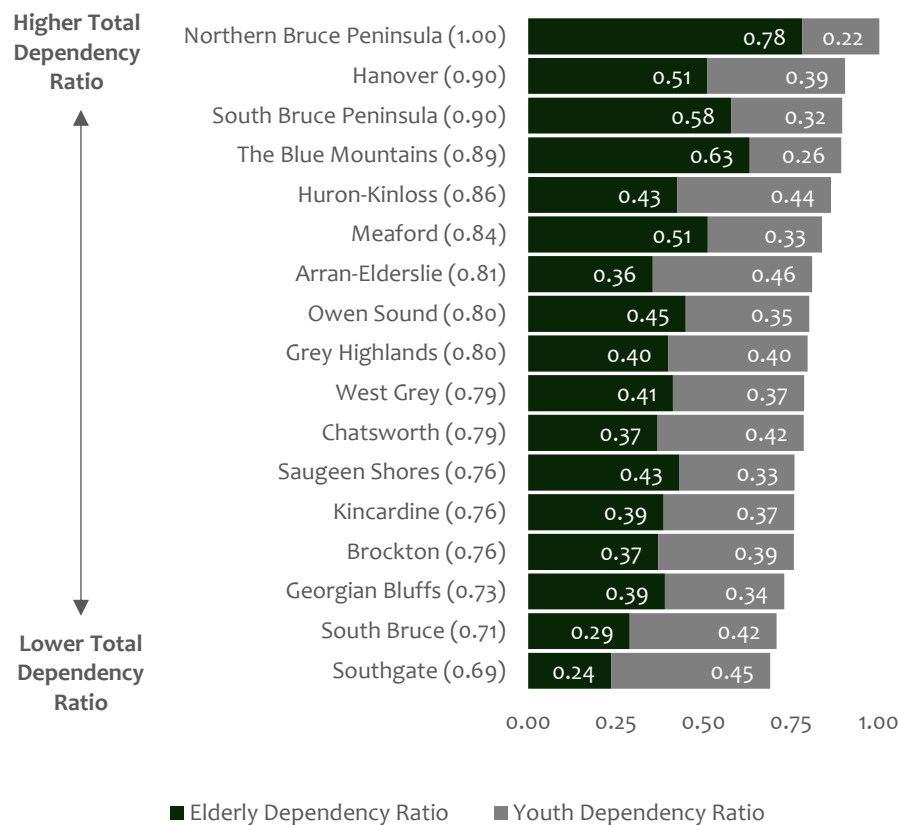
Dependency Ratios

The dependency ratio concept is a ratio (a simple division) of the number of people in an age group considered to be not active workforce contributors (i.e., youths aged 0 to 19 and elders aged 65 and over) by working-age adults (aged 20 to 64).

There are three dependency ratio concepts:

- the *youth* dependency ratio, which is the number of youths aged 0 to 19 divided by the number of working-age adults (aged 20 to 64);
- the *elderly* dependency ratio, which is the number of elders aged 65 and older divided by the number working-age adults (aged 20 to 64); and
- the *total* dependency ratio, which is the number of youths aged 0 to 19 *plus* the number of elders aged 65 and older, divided by the number of working-age adults (aged 20 to 64).

The *total* dependency ratio is also the sum of the *youth* and *elderly* dependency ratios.

Figure 2. 2016 Census Elderly and Youth Dependency Ratios by Grey Bruce Census Subdivision (in Descending Order of Total Dependency Ratio)

In the above figure, the *total* dependency ratio is presented in parentheses beside the name of the census subdivision. Again, it is the sum of the *youth* and *elderly* dependency ratios.

The ratios are essentially the fraction of youths, elders, or youths *and* elders for every one working-age adult. For example, in Hanover, the total dependency ratio of 0.90 means that for every one person of working age, there are 0.9 youths or elders (or 9 youths or elders for every 10 working-age adults). Further, the elderly dependency ratio of 0.51 means that for every working-age adult, there are 0.51 elders (or roughly 1 elder for every 2 working-age adults). Finally, the youth dependency ratio of 0.39 means that for every working-age adult, there are 0.39 youths (or roughly 2 youths for every 5 working-age adults [4 youths to every 10 working-age adults]).

Northern Bruce Peninsula has the highest dependency ratio of all Grey Bruce municipalities, at one youth or elder for every working-age adult. The lowest dependency ratios is observed in Southgate, at 0.69 youth or elders for every working-age adult. Most of the dependency ratio burden in Northern Bruce Peninsula comes from the elderly population, with an elderly dependency ratio of 0.78, which is also the highest elderly dependency ratio in the region. The lowest elderly dependency ratio is observed in Southgate, at 0.24. Northern Bruce Peninsula has the lowest youth dependency ratio at 0.22, while Arran-Elderslie has the highest youth dependency ratio at 0.46.

As shown in the previous figure, the makeup of the total dependency ratio can vary based on its component youth and elderly dependency ratios. For example, the Hanover and South Bruce Peninsula total dependency ratios are identical at 0.90, but the South Bruce Peninsula total dependency ratio is more strongly influenced by its elderly dependency ratio than is Hanover's (0.58 compared to 0.51).
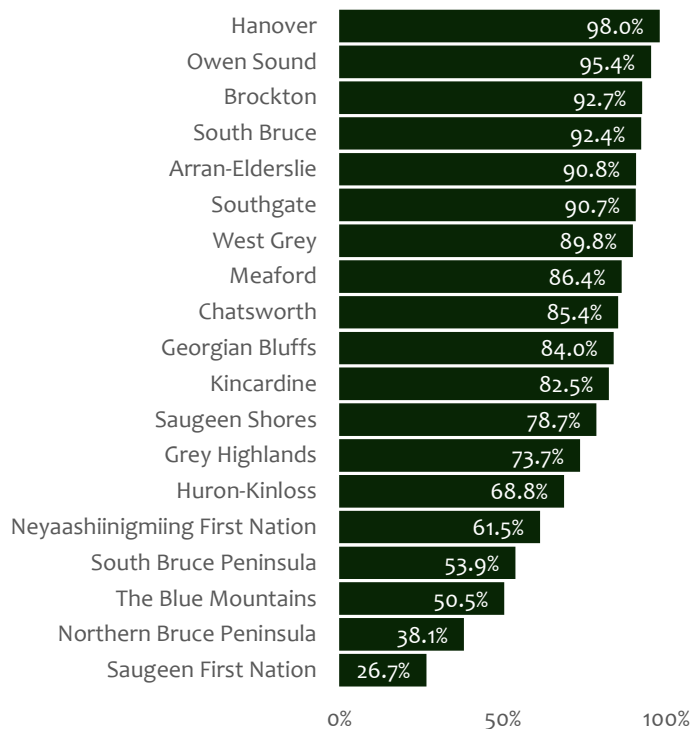
Household and Dwelling Characteristics, Overview

Percentage of Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents

The percentage of dwellings occupied by usual residents is a measure of the regular, non-seasonal or non-vacation housing use in a community. Communities with a higher percentage of dwellings occupied by their usual residents have a lower proportion of 'vacation homes.'

Because counts of dwellings and type of dwelling are collected by trained enumerators, the first nation reserve counts are included in this figure.
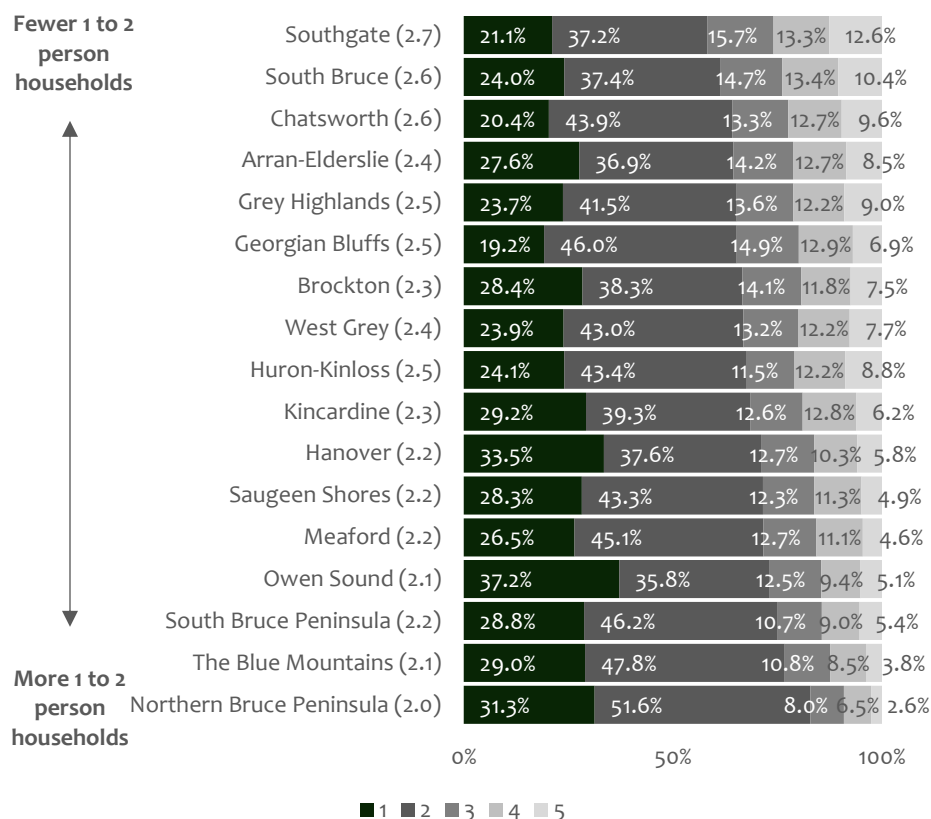
Figure 3. 2016 Census Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents by Grey Bruce Census Subdivision

Census Subdivision	Percentage
Hanover	98.0%
Owen Sound	95.4%
Brockton	92.7%
South Bruce	92.4%
Arran-Elderslie	90.8%
Southgate	90.7%
West Grey	89.8%
Meaford	86.4%
Chatsworth	85.4%
Georgian Bluffs	84.0%
Kincardine	82.5%
Saugeen Shores	78.7%
Grey Highlands	73.7%
Huron-Kinloss	68.8%
Neyaashiinigmiing First Nation	61.5%
South Bruce Peninsula	53.9%
The Blue Mountains	50.5%
Northern Bruce Peninsula	38.1%
Saugeen First Nation	26.7%

Household Size

Households vary in size across municipalities in Grey Bruce.

Figure 4. 2016 Census Household Sizes by Census Subdivision (with Average Household Size)

	1	2	3	4	5
Southgate (2.7)	21.1%	37.2%	15.7%	13.3%	12.6%
South Bruce (2.6)	24.0%	37.4%	14.7%	13.4%	10.4%
Chatsworth (2.6)	20.4%	43.9%	13.3%	12.7%	9.6%
Arran-Elderslie (2.4)	27.6%	36.9%	14.2%	12.7%	8.5%
Grey Highlands (2.5)	23.7%	41.5%	13.6%	12.2%	9.0%
Georgian Bluffs (2.5)	19.2%	46.0%	14.9%	12.9%	6.9%
Brockton (2.3)	28.4%	38.3%	14.1%	11.8%	7.5%
West Grey (2.4)	23.9%	43.0%	13.2%	12.2%	7.7%
Huron-Kinloss (2.5)	24.1%	43.4%	11.5%	12.2%	8.8%
Kincardine (2.3)	29.2%	39.3%	12.6%	12.8%	6.2%
Hanover (2.2)	33.5%	37.6%	12.7%	10.3%	5.8%
Saugeen Shores (2.2)	28.3%	43.3%	12.3%	11.3%	4.9%
Meaford (2.2)	26.5%	45.1%	12.7%	11.1%	4.6%
Owen Sound (2.1)	37.2%	35.8%	12.5%	9.4%	5.1%
South Bruce Peninsula (2.2)	28.8%	46.2%	10.7%	9.0%	5.4%
The Blue Mountains (2.1)	29.0%	47.8%	10.8%	8.5%	3.8%
Northern Bruce Peninsula (2.0)	31.3%	51.6%	8.0%	6.5%	2.6%

Fewer 1 to 2 person households ↑ ... ↓ *More 1 to 2 person households*

Single-person households are most prevalent in Owen Sound (37.2%) and Hanover (33.5%). They are least prevalent in Georgian Bluffs (19.2%) and Southgate (21.1%).

Two-person households are most prevalent in Northern Bruce Peninsula, at more than half (51.6%), followed by The Blue Mountains (47.8%), South Bruce Peninsula (46.2%), and Georgian Bluffs (46.0%). They are least prevalent in Owen Sound (35.8%) and Arran-Elderslie (36.9%).

Three-person households are most prevalent in Southgate (15.7%), Georgian Bluffs (14.9%) and South Bruce (14.7%). They are least prevalent in Northern Bruce Peninsula (8.0%), South Bruce Peninsula (10.7%) and The Blue Mountains (10.8%).
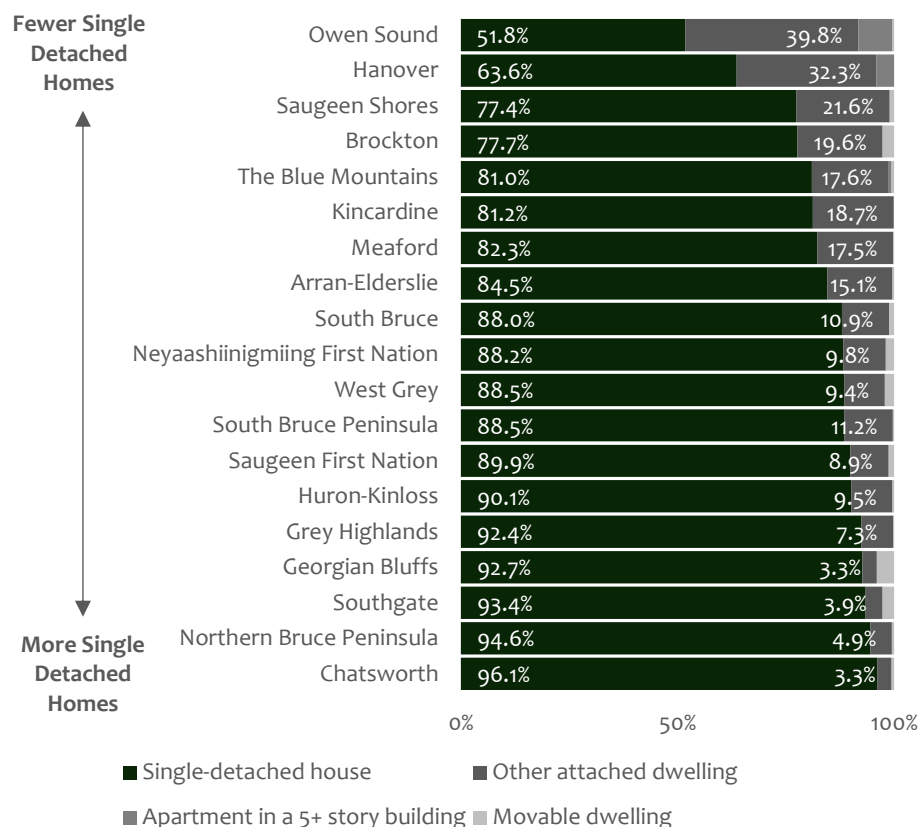
Four-person households are most prevalent in South Bruce (13.4%), Southgate (13.3%), Georgian Bluffs (12.9%) and Kincardine (12.8%). They are least prevalent in Northern Bruce Peninsula (6.5%), The Blue Mountains (8.5%), South Bruce Peninsula (9.0%) and Owen Sound (9.4%).

Finally, five-or-more-person households are most prevalent in Southgate (12.6%); while they are least prevalent in Northern Bruce Peninsula (2.6%) and The Blue Mountains (3.8%).

Dwelling Type

Dwelling type varies across municipalities and first nation reserves in Grey Bruce. Because counts of dwellings and type of dwelling are collected by trained enumerators, the first nation reserve counts are included in this figure.

Figure 5. 2016 Census Dwelling Type by Grey Bruce Census Subdivision

	Single-detached house	Other attached dwelling
Owen Sound	51.8%	39.8%
Hanover	63.6%	32.3%
Saugeen Shores	77.4%	21.6%
Brockton	77.7%	19.6%
The Blue Mountains	81.0%	17.6%
Kincardine	81.2%	18.7%
Meaford	82.3%	17.5%
Arran-Elderslie	84.5%	15.1%
South Bruce	88.0%	10.9%
Neyaashiinigmiing First Nation	88.2%	9.8%
West Grey	88.5%	9.4%
South Bruce Peninsula	88.5%	11.2%
Saugeen First Nation	89.9%	8.9%
Huron-Kinloss	90.1%	9.5%
Grey Highlands	92.4%	7.3%
Georgian Bluffs	92.7%	3.3%
Southgate	93.4%	3.9%
Northern Bruce Peninsula	94.6%	4.9%
Chatsworth	96.1%	3.3%

Fewer Single Detached Homes ↑ ... ↓ **More Single Detached Homes**

Legend: ■ Single-detached house ■ Other attached dwelling ■ Apartment in a 5+ story building ■ Movable dwelling

Single-detached houses are most prevalent in Chatsworth (96.1%), Northern Bruce Peninsula (94.6%) and Southgate (93.4%), and least prevalent in Owen Sound (51.8%) and Hanover (63.6%). Other attached dwellings are most prevalent in Owen Sound (39.8%) and Hanover (32.3%), and least prevalent in Georgian Bluffs (3.3%), Chatsworth (3.3%), Southgate (3.9%) and Northern Bruce Peninsula (4.9%).

Movable dwellings are present in all census subdivisions except Hanover, and are most prevalent in Georgian Bluffs (4.0%), Southgate (2.7%) and Brockton (2.7%), and least prevalent in Kincardine (0.1%) and Grey Highlands (0.1%).

Apartments in 5-storey or higher buildings are only present in four municipalities: Owen Sound (7.9%), Hanover (4.0%), The Blue Mountains (0.8%) and Grey Highlands (0.1%).

Geographic Profiles

Ontario

The province's population grew by 4.6% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The Ontario population pyramid shows the five-year age group with the highest percentage of population to be the 50 to 54 age group, with 7.9% of males and 7.8% of females belonging to that age group.

In general, no five-year age group in Ontario meets or exceeds 8% of the total population for that sex. The lowest shares of the population are men aged 85 and over, at 1.6% of all males; and men aged 80 to 84, at 1.9% of all males.

Ontario by the Numbers (GNR = 3.7%)

2016 Population: 13,448,494

Sex Distribution: 51.2% Female, 48.8% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +4.6%

Land area: 908,699.33 km sq.

Population density: 14.8 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 5,598,391

Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 5,169,174 (92.3%)

Single-detached dwellings: 54.3%

Other attached dwellings: 28.2%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 17.2%

Movable dwellings: 0.3%

Average household size: 2.6

Single-person households: 25.9%

Two-person households: 32.8%

Three-person households: 16.1%

Four-person households: 15.4%

Five-or-more-person households: 9.7%

Figure 6. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Ontario
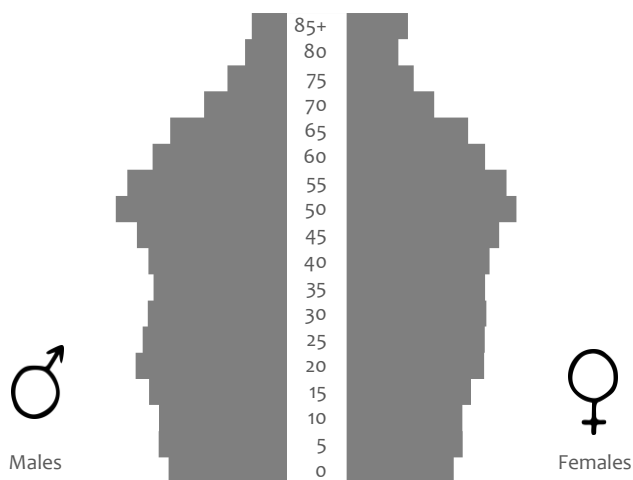
Males

Females

Average age of the population: 41.0

Average age of males: 40.0

Average age of females: 41.9

Population aged 0 to 14: 16.4%

Population aged 15 to 64: 66.8%

Population aged 65 and over: 16.7%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.37

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.28

Total dependency ratio: 0.64

Grey Bruce Health Region

The Grey Bruce population grew by 2.1% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The Grey Bruce population pyramid shows the five-year age groups with the highest percentage of population to be the 55 to 59 and 60 to 64-year-old age groups among men and women.

Grey Bruce by the Numbers (GNR = 5.4%)

2016 Population: 161,977

Sex Distribution: 50.8% Female, 49.2% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +2.1%

Land area: 8603.7 km sq.

Population density: 18.8 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 88,743

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 68,429 (77.1%)

Single-detached dwellings: 80.1%

Other attached dwellings: 17.4%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 1.4%

Movable dwellings: 1.0%

Average household size: 2.3

Single-person households: 27.9%

Two-person households: 41.3%

Three-person households: 12.9%

Four-person households: 11.2%

Five-or-more-person households: 6.7%

Figure 7. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Grey Bruce
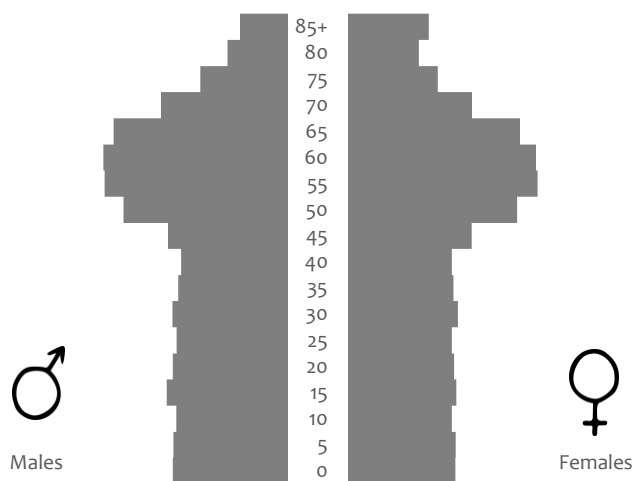
Average age of the population: 45.1

Average age of males: 44.3

Average age of females: 46.0

Population aged 0 to 14: 15.2%

Population aged 15 to 64: 60.9%

Population aged 65 and over: 23.9%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.37

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.43

Total dependency ratio: 0.80

Grey County

Grey County's population grew by 1.4% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 55 to 59-year-old and the 60 to 64-year-old age group among men and in the 55 to 59-year-old age group among women in Grey County

Grey County by the Numbers (GNR = 4.9%)

2016 Population: 93,830

Sex Distribution: 50.9% Female, 49.1% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +1.4%

Land area: 4513.5 km sq.

Population density: 20.8 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 47,560

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 39,563 (83.2%)

Single-detached dwellings: 77.6%

Other attached dwellings: 18.9%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 2.4%

Movable dwellings: 1.2%

Average household size: 2.3

Single-person households: 27.8%

Two-person households: 41.3%

Three-person households: 13.1%

Four-person households: 11.1%

Five-or-more-person households: 6.7%
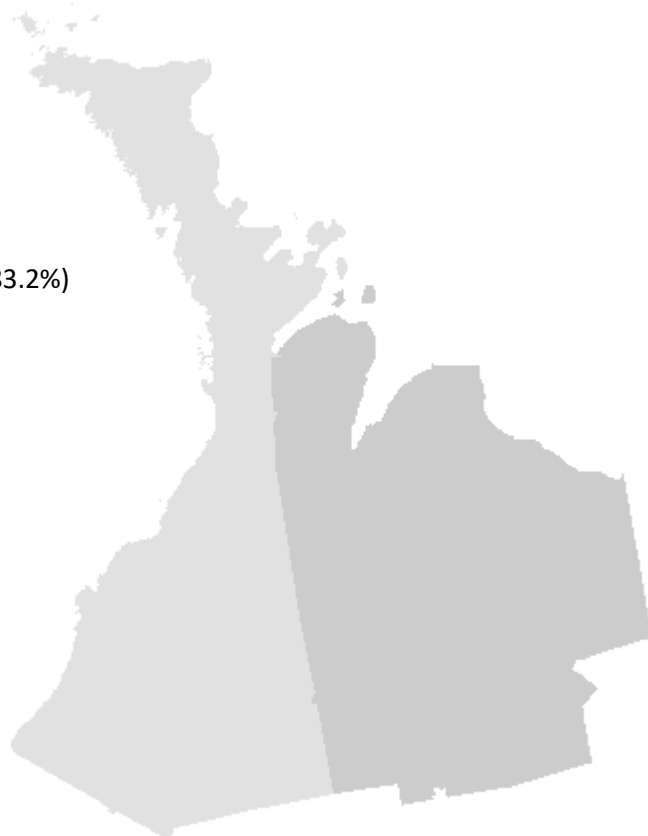
Figure 8. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Grey County
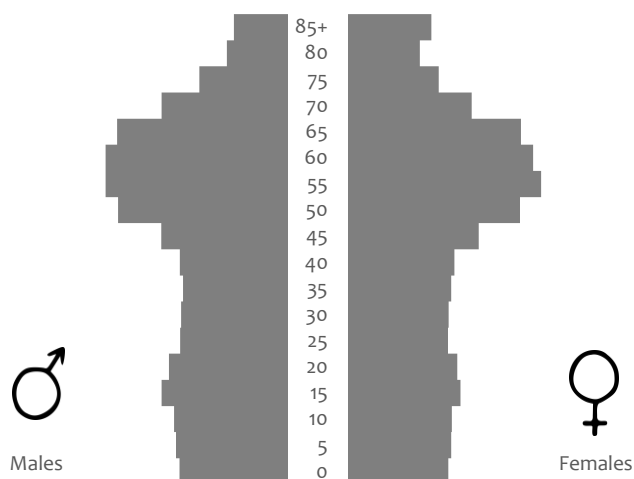
Males

Females

Average age of the population: 45.4

Average age of males: 44.5

Average age of females: 46.3

Population aged 0 to 14: 14.8%

Population aged 15 to 64: 61.1%

Population aged 65 and over: 24.1%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.37

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.43

Total dependency ratio: 0.80

The Blue Mountains

The Blue Mountains's population grew by 8.9% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 60 to 64 and 65 to 69-year old age groups among men and women in The Blue Mountains.

The Blue Mountains by the Numbers (GNR = 4.9%)

2016 Population: 7025

Sex Distribution: 50.9% Female, 49.1% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +8.9%

Land area: 287.24 km sq.

Population density: 24.5 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 6477

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 3271 (50.5%)

Single-detached dwellings: 81.0%

Other attached dwellings: 17.6%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.8%

Movable dwellings: 0.6%

Average household size: 2.1

Single-person households: 29.0%

Two-person households: 47.8%

Three-person households: 10.8%

Four-person households: 8.5%

Five-or-more-person households: 3.8%
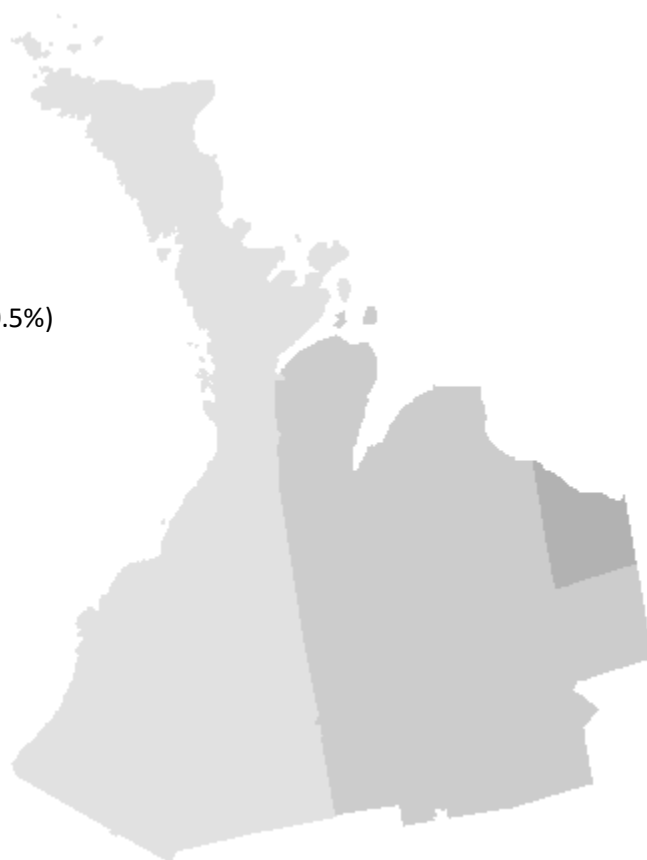
Figure 9. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for The Blue Mountains
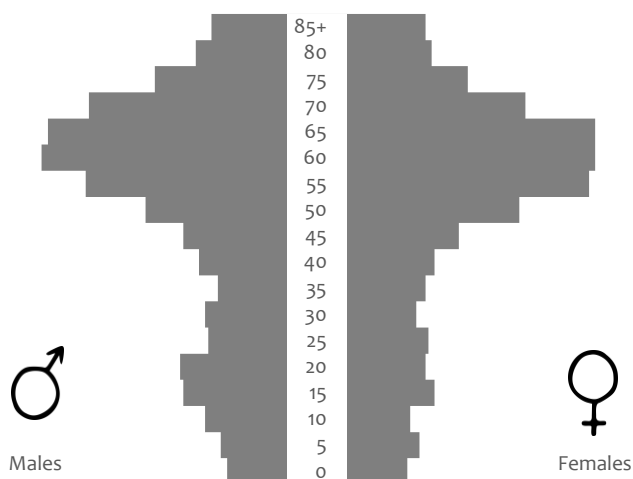
Males   Females

Average age of the population: 51.8

Average age of males: 51.5

Average age of females: 52.2

Population aged 0 to 14: 9.3%

Population aged 15 to 64: 57.3%

Population aged 65 and over: 33.4%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.26

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.63

Total dependency ratio: 0.89

Chatsworth

Chatsworth's population grew by 3.0% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 50 to 54-year old, the 60 to 64-year old and the 65 to 69-year old age groups among men and in the 55 to 59-year-old age group among women in Chatsworth.

Chatsworth by the Numbers (GNR = 5.4%)

2016 Population: 6630

Sex Distribution: 49.7% Female, 50.3% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +3.0%

Land area: 596.19 km sq.

Population density: 11.1 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 2988

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 2551 (85.4%)

Single-detached dwellings: 96.1%

Other attached dwellings: 3.3%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 0.6%

Average household size: 2.6

Single-person households: 20.4%

Two-person households: 43.9%

Three-person households: 13.3%

Four-person households: 12.7%

Five-or-more-person households: 9.6%
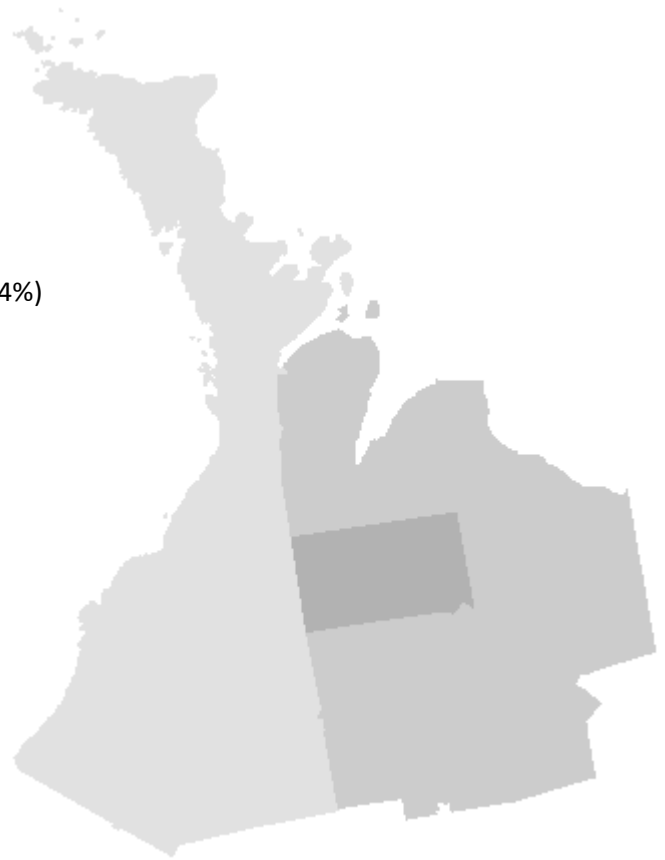
Figure 10. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Chatsworth
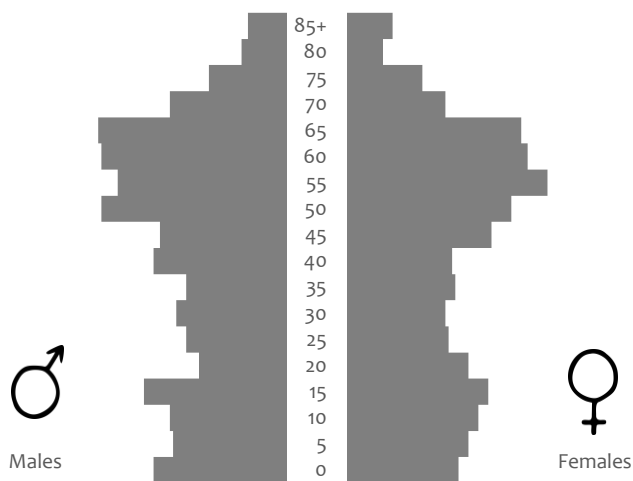
Males

Females

Average age of the population: 43.1

Average age of males: 43.4

Average age of females: 42.9

Population aged 0 to 14: 16.8%

Population aged 15 to 64: 62.5%

Population aged 65 and over: 20.7%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.42

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.37

Total dependency ratio: 0.79

Georgian Bluffs

Georgian Bluffs's population grew by 0.7% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 60 to 64-year old and 55 to 59-year-old age groups among men and women in Georgian Bluffs.

Georgian Bluffs by the Numbers (GNR = 4.0%)

2016 Population: 10,479

Sex Distribution: 48.9% Female, 51.1% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +0.7%

Land area: 604.37 km sq.

Population density: 17.3 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 5069

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 4258 (84.0%)

Single-detached dwellings: 92.7%

Other attached dwellings: 3.3%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 4.0%

Average household size: 2.5

Single-person households: 19.2%

Two-person households: 46.0%

Three-person households: 14.9%

Four-person households: 12.9%

Five-or-more-person households: 6.9%
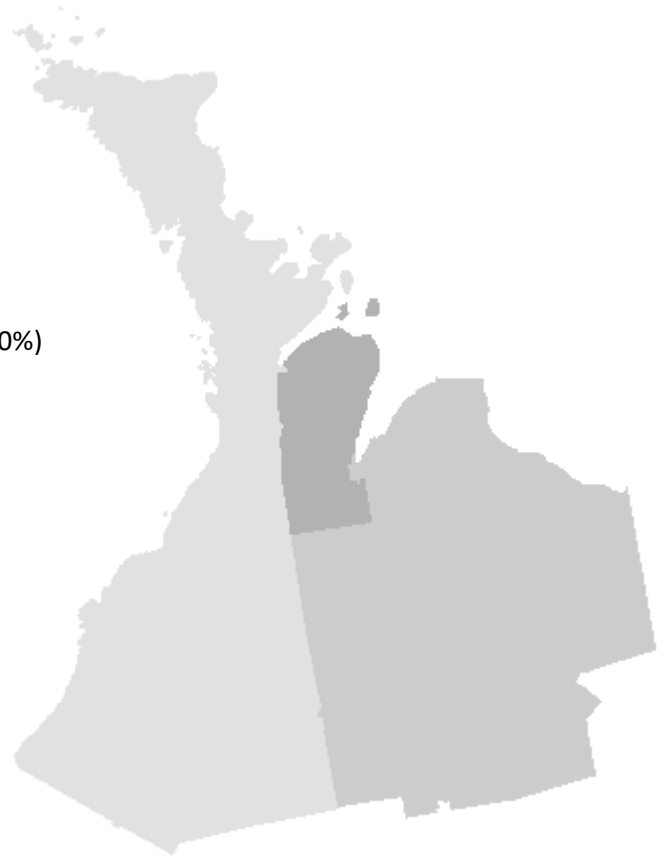
Figure 11. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Georgian Bluffs
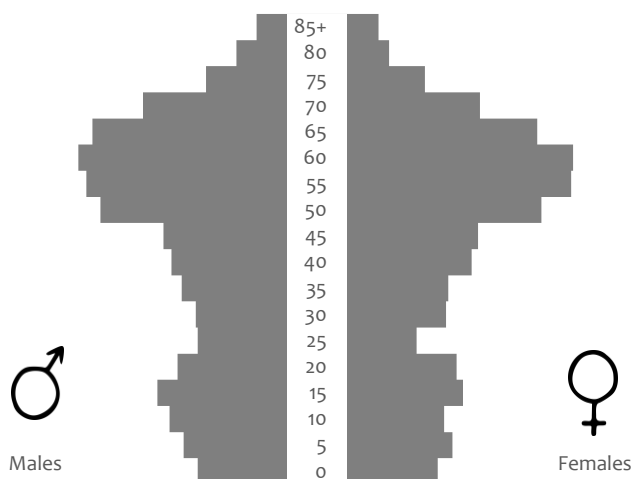
Males | Females

Average age of the population: 45.6

Average age of males: 45.3

Average age of females: 45.9

Population aged 0 to 14: 13.9%

Population aged 15 to 64: 63.5%

Population aged 65 and over: 22.6%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.34

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.39

Total dependency ratio: 0.73

Grey Highlands

Grey Highlands's population grew by 3.0% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 55 to 59-year old age group among men and in the 60 to 64-year-old age group among women in Grey Highlands.

Grey Highlands by the Numbers (GNR = 4.7%)

2016 Population: 9804

Sex Distribution: 50.1% Female, 49.9% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +3.0%

Land area: 882.51 km sq.

Population density: 11.1 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 5299

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 3904 (73.7%)

Single-detached dwellings: 92.4%

Other attached dwellings: 7.3%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.1%

Movable dwellings: 0.1%

Average household size: 2.5

Single-person households: 23.7%

Two-person households: 41.5%

Three-person households: 13.6%

Four-person households: 12.2%

Five-or-more-person households: 9.0%
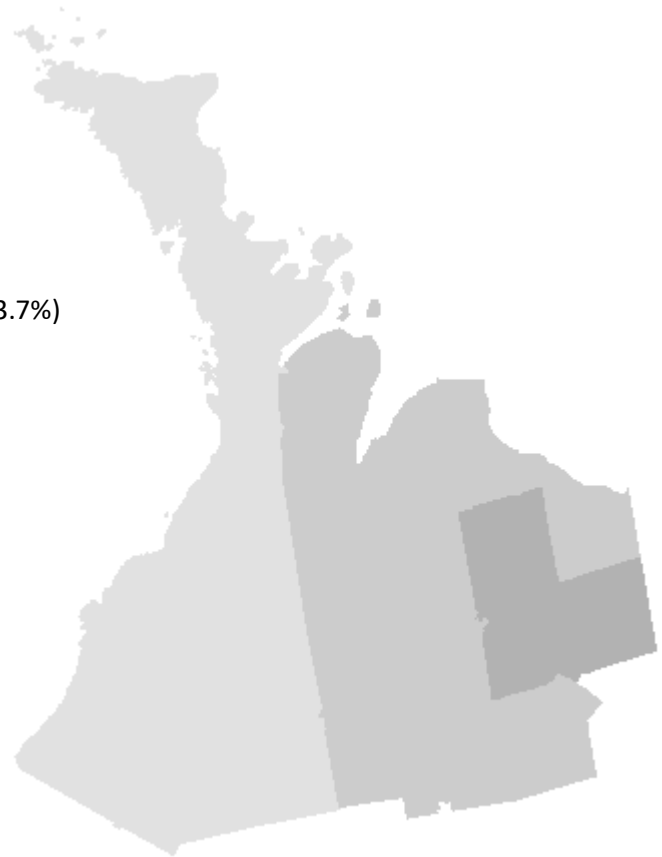
Figure 12. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Grey Highlands
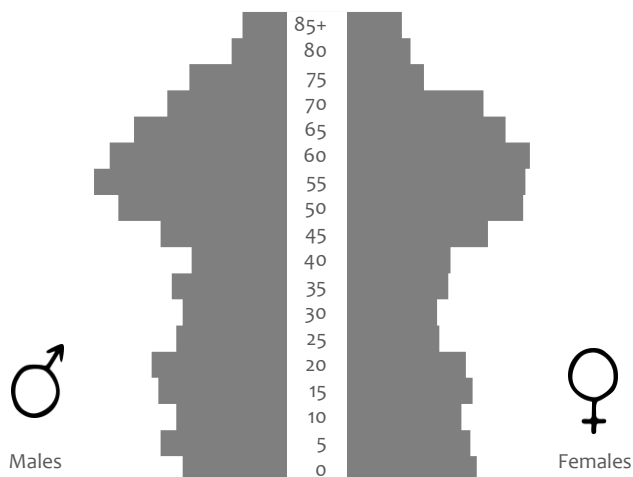
Average age of the population: 43.9

Average age of males: 43.7

Average age of females: 44.1

Population aged 0 to 14: 16.4%

Population aged 15 to 64: 61.4%

Population aged 65 and over: 22.2%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.40

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.40

Total dependency ratio: 0.80

Hanover

Hanover's population grew by 2.6% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 65 to 69-year old age group among men and in the 55 to 59-year-old age group among women in Hanover.

Hanover by the Numbers (GNR = 6.0%)

2016 Population: 7688

Sex Distribution: 53.2% Female, 46.8% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +2.6%

Land area: 9.8 km sq.

Population density: 784.9 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 3404

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 3336 (98.0%)

Single-detached dwellings: 63.6%

Other attached dwellings: 32.3%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 4.0%

Movable dwellings: 0.0%

Average household size: 2.2

Single-person households: 33.5%

Two-person households: 37.6%

Three-person households: 12.7%

Four-person households: 10.3%

Five-or-more-person households: 5.8%

Figure 13. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Hanover
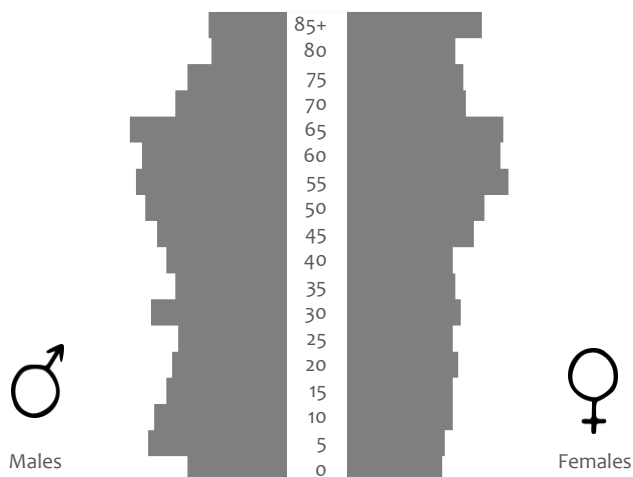
Males

Females

Average age of the population: 45.9

Average age of males: 43.9

Average age of females: 47.6

Population aged 0 to 14: 15.4%

Population aged 15 to 64: 57.7%

Population aged 65 and over: 26.9%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.39

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.51

Total dependency ratio: 0.90

Meaford

Meaford's population contracted by 1% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 65 to 69-year old age group among men and in the 60 to 64-year-old age group among women in Meaford.

Meaford by the Numbers (GNR = 4.1%)

2016 Population: 10,991

Sex Distribution[1]: 51.0% Female, 48.9% Male

Population Change Since 2011: -1.0%

Land area: 588.57 km sq.

Population density: 18.7 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 5590

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 4830 (86.4%)

Single-detached dwellings: 82.3%

Other attached dwellings: 17.5%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 0.2%

Average household size: 2.2

Single-person households: 26.5%

Two-person households: 45.1%

Three-person households: 12.7%

Four-person households: 11.1%

Five-or-more-person households: 4.6%
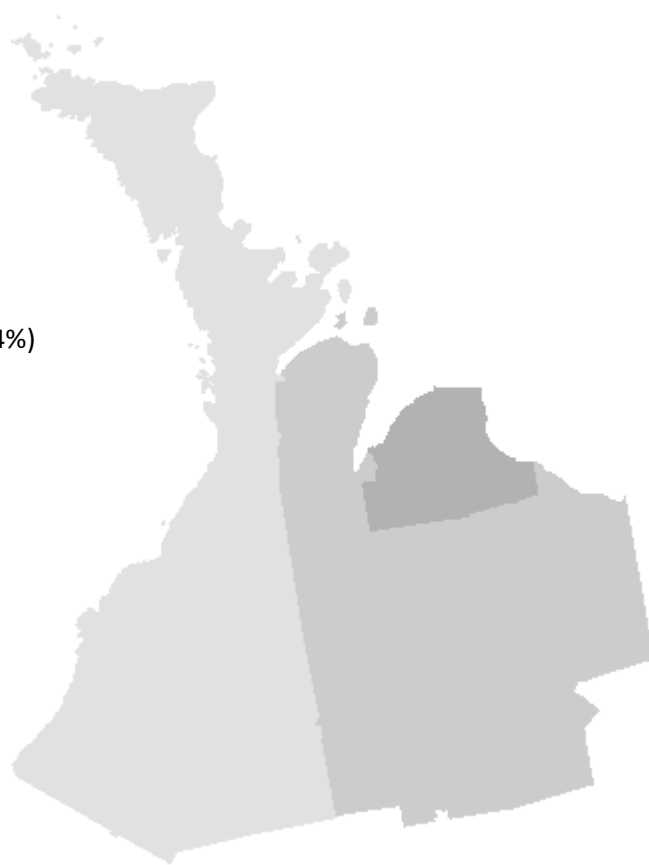
Figure 14. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Meaford
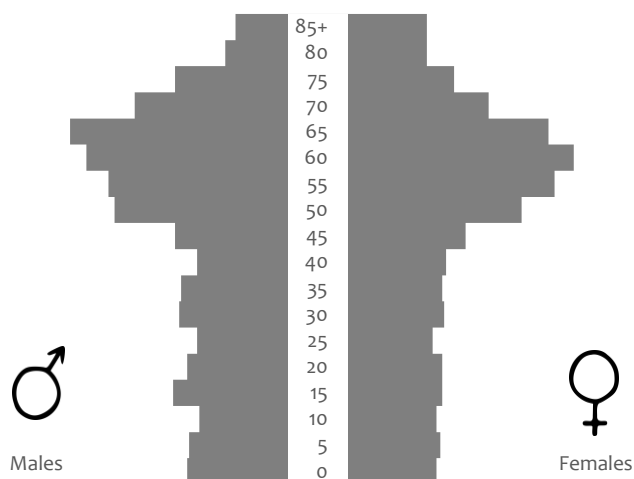
Males Females

Average age of the population: 47.9

Average age of males: 47.1

Average age of females: 48.7

Population aged 0 to 14: 12.9%

Population aged 15 to 64: 59.2%

Population aged 65 and over: 27.9%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.33

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.51

Total dependency ratio: 0.84

---

[1] Male and female percentages do not total 100% because estimates are rounded.

Owen Sound

Owen Sound's population contracted by 1.6% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 55 to 59-year old age group among men and women in Owen Sound.

Owen Sound by the Numbers (GNR = 5.5%)

2016 Population: 21,341

Sex Distribution[2]: 53.7% Female, 46.4% Male

Population Change Since 2011: -1.6%

Land area: 24.27 km sq.

Population density: 879.2 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 10,098

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 9630 (95.4%)

Single-detached dwellings: 51.8%

Other attached dwellings: 39.8%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 7.9%

Movable dwellings: 0.4%

Average household size: 2.1

Single-person households: 37.2%

Two-person households: 35.8%

Three-person households: 12.5%

Four-person households: 9.4%

Five-or-more-person households: 5.1%
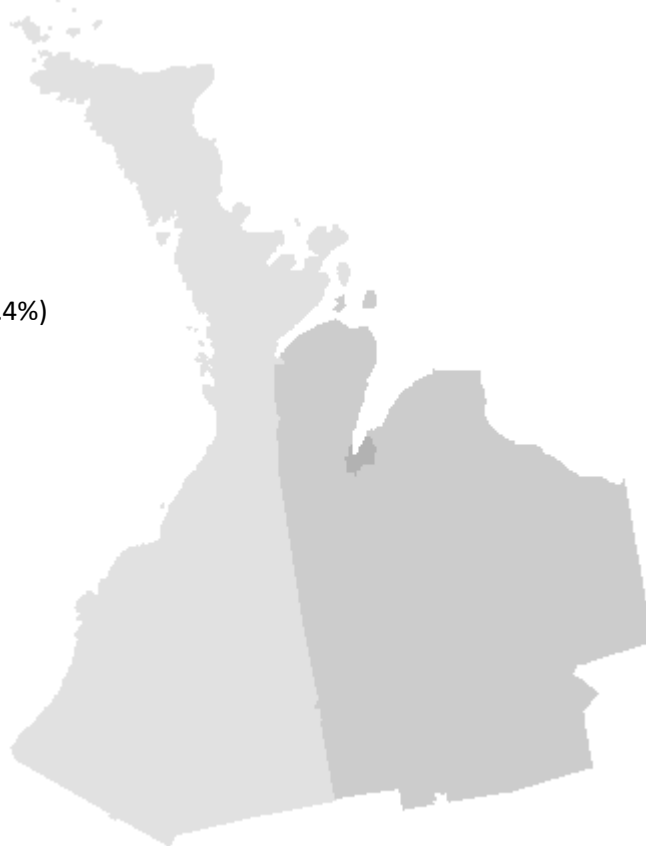
Figure 15. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Owen Sound
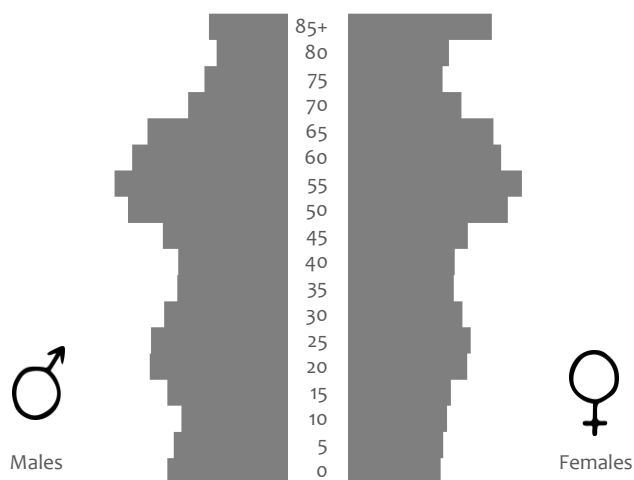
Males

Females

Average age of the population: 45.6

Average age of males: 43.5

Average age of females: 47.4

Population aged 0 to 14: 14.4%

Population aged 15 to 64: 60.6%

Population aged 65 and over: 25.0%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.35

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.45

Total dependency ratio: 0.80

---

[2] Male and female percentages do not total 100% because estimates are rounded.

Southgate

Southgate's population grew by 2.3% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 50 to 54-year old and 55 to 59-year-old age groups among men and in the 50 to 54-year-old age group among women in Southgate.

Southgate by the Numbers (GNR = 4.6%)

2016 Population: 7354

Sex Distribution: 48.1% Female, 51.9% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +2.3%

Land area: 644.38 km sq.

Population density: 11.4 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 2987

Total Private Dwellings: 2710 (90.7%)

Single-detached dwellings: 93.4%

Other attached dwellings: 3.9%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 2.7%

Average household size: 2.7

Single-person households: 21.1%

Two-person households: 37.2%

Three-person households: 15.7%

Four-person households: 13.3%

Five-or-more-person households: 12.6%

Figure 16. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Southgate
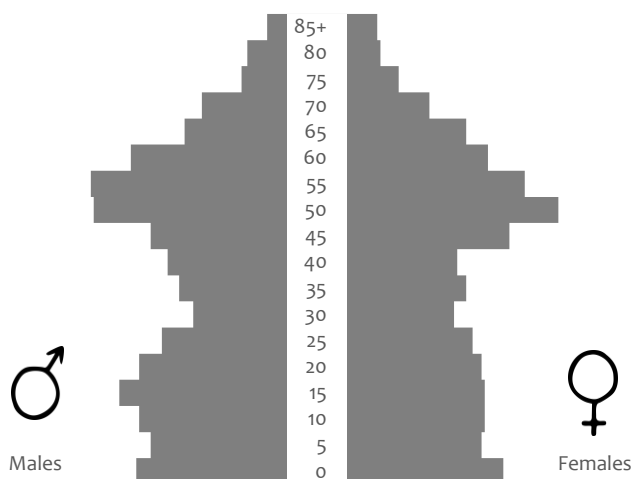
Average age of the population: 39.2

Average age of males: 38.9

Average age of females: 39.5

Population aged 0 to 14: 19.9%

Population aged 15 to 64: 66.1%

Population aged 65 and over: 14.0%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.45

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.24

Total dependency ratio: 0.69

West Grey

West Grey's population grew by 1.9% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 60 to 64-year old age group among men and in the 55 to 59-year-old age group among women in West Grey.

West Grey by the Numbers (GNR = 4.6%)

2016 Population: 12,518

Sex Distribution: 49.0% Female, 51.0% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +1.9%

Land area: 876.16 km sq.

Population density: 14.3 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 5648

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 5073 (89.8%)

Single-detached dwellings: 88.5%

Other attached dwellings: 9.4%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 2.2%

Average household size: 2.4

Single-person households: 23.9%

Two-person households: 43.0%

Three-person households: 13.2%

Four-person households: 12.2%

Five-or-more-person households: 7.7%
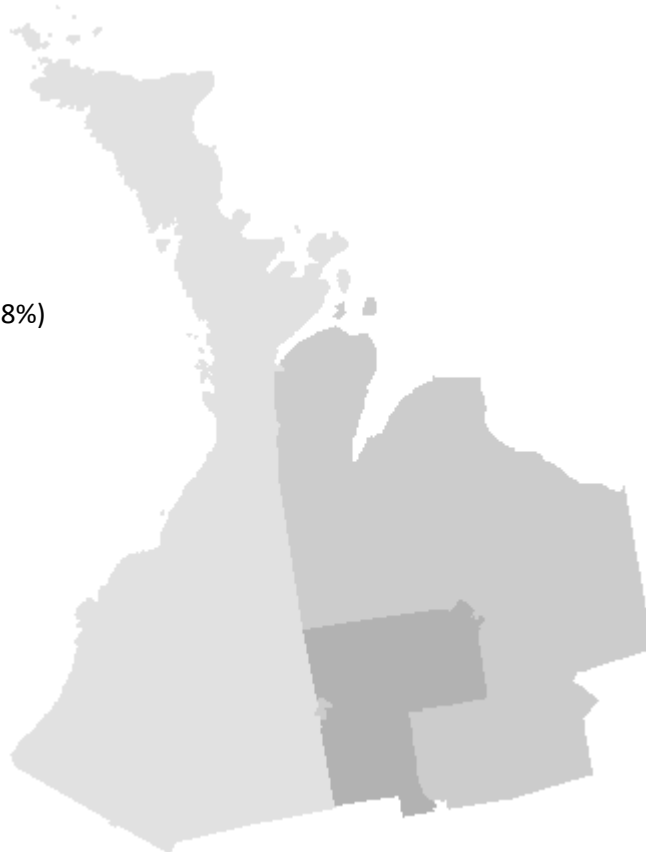
Figure 17. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for West Grey
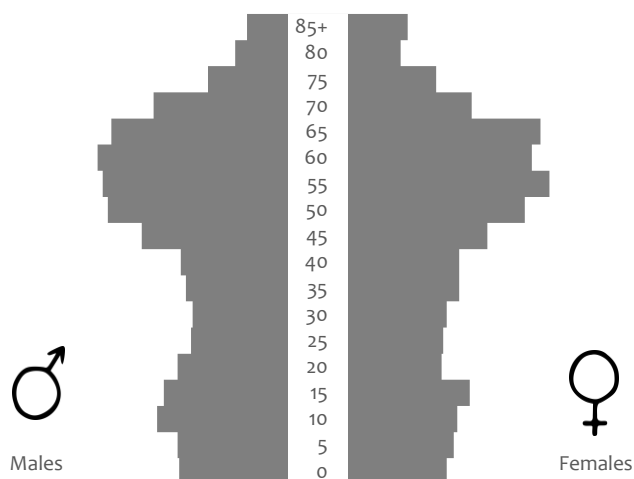
Males — Females

Average age of the population: 45.0

Average age of males: 44.4

Average age of females: 45.7

Population aged 0 to 14: 15.3%

Population aged 15 to 64: 61.6%

Population aged 65 and over: 23.1%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.37

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.41

Total dependency ratio: 0.79

Bruce County

Bruce County's population grew by 3.1% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

Bruce County has larger proportions of population in the five-year age groups from 50 to 69 than it does among the other five-year age segments. The highest proportion of population observed in Bruce County occurs in the age 60 to 64 group, ten years in age higher than the Ontario peak.

Bruce County by the Numbers (GNR = 6.0%)

2016 Population: 68,147
Sex Distribution: 50.7% Female, 49.3% Male
Population Change Since 2011: +3.1%
Land area: 4090.2 km sq.
Population density: 16.7 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 41,183
Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 28,866 (70.1%)
Single-detached dwellings: 83.7%
Other attached dwellings: 15.5%
Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%
Movable dwellings: 0.0%

Average household size: 2.3
Single-person households: 28.0%
Two-person households: 41.4%
Three-person households: 12.5%
Four-person households: 11.4%
Five-or-more-person households: 6.7%
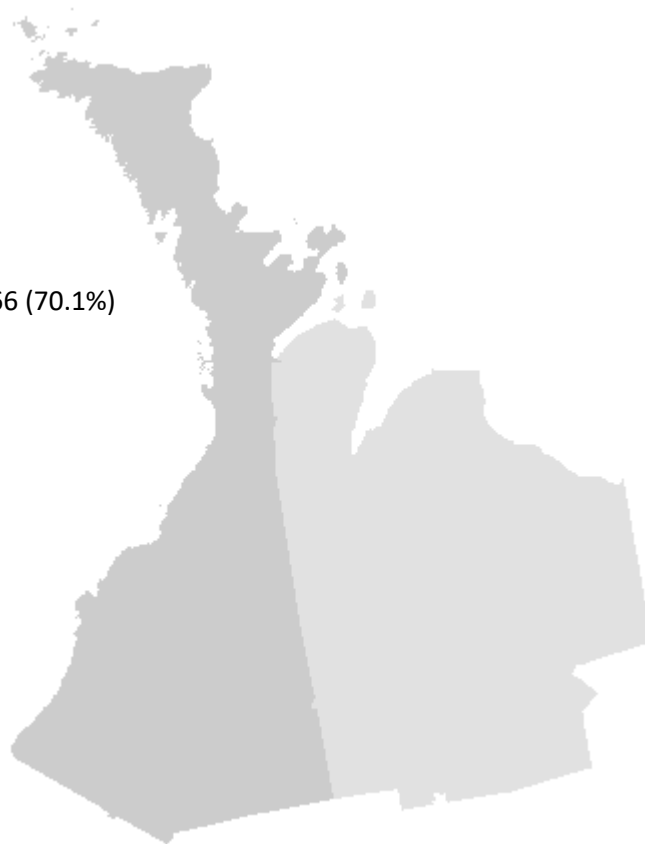
Figure 18. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Bruce County
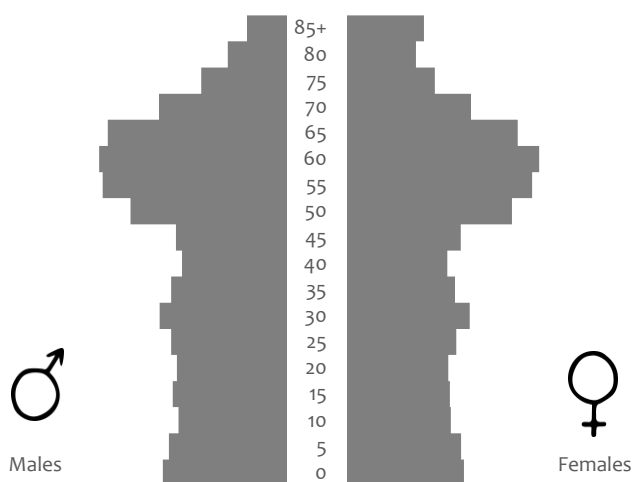
Males

Females

Average age of the population: 44.8
Average age of males: 44.0
Average age of females: 45.5

Population aged 0 to 14: 15.8%
Population aged 15 to 64: 60.6%
Population aged 65 and over: 23.6%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.37
Elderly dependency ratio: 0.42
Total dependency ratio: 0.80

Arran-Elderslie

Arran-Elderslie's population contracted by 0.1% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 55 to 59 year old age group among men in Arran-Elderslie, and in the 50 to 54-year-old age group among women in Arran-Elderslie.

Arran-Elderslie by the Numbers (GNR = 4.8%)

2016 Population: 6803

Sex Distribution: 49.8% Female, 50.2% Male

Population Change Since 2011: -0.1%

Land area: 460.07 km sq.

Population density: 14.8 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 3030

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 2750 (90.8%)

Single-detached dwellings: 88.0%

Other attached dwellings: 10.9%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 1.1%

Average household size: 2.4

Single-person households: 24.0%

Two-person households: 37.4%

Three-person households: 14.7%

Four-person households: 13.4%

Five-or-more-person households: 10.4%
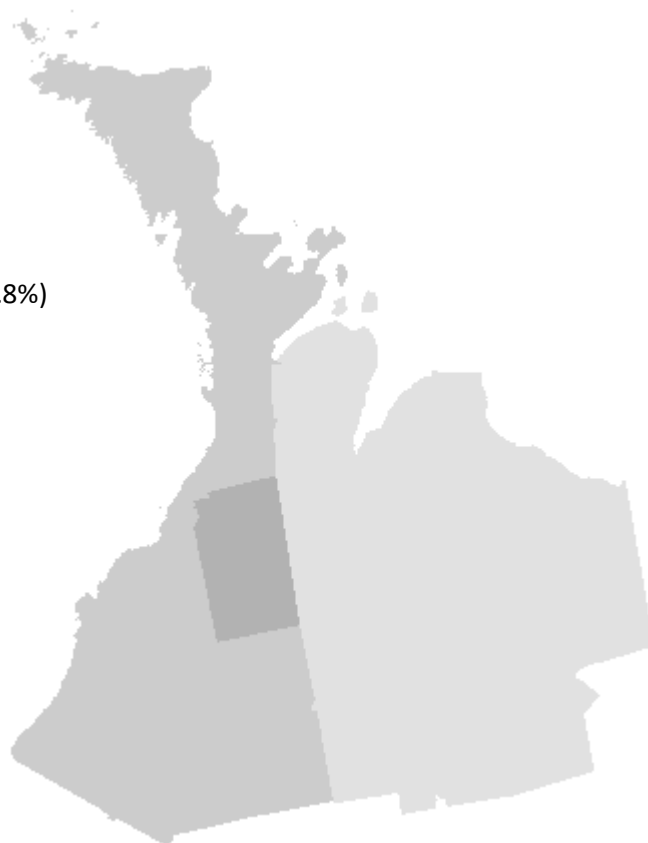
Figure 19. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Arran-Elderslie
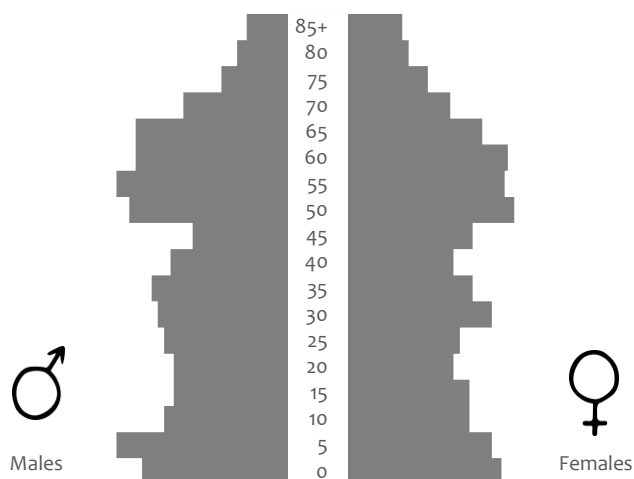
Average age of the population: 41.3

Average age of males: 40.9

Average age of females: 41.7

Population aged 0 to 14: 19.7%

Population aged 15 to 64: 60.6%

Population aged 65 and over: 19.6%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.46

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.36

Total dependency ratio: 0.81

Brockton

Brockton's population grew by 0.3% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentages of population occurs in the 50 to 54 and 55 to 59-year-old age groups among men in Brockton, and in the 50 to 54 and 60 to 64-year-old age groups among women.

Brockton by the Numbers (GNR = 5.1%)

2016 Population: 9461

Sex Distribution: 50.5% Female, 49.5% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +0.3%

Land area: 565.18 km sq.

Population density: 16.7 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 4252

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 3941 (92.7%)

Single-detached dwellings: 77.7%

Other attached dwellings: 19.6%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 2.7%

Average household size: 2.3

Single-person households: 28.4%

Two-person households: 38.3%

Three-person households: 14.1%

Four-person households: 11.8%

Five-or-more-person households: 7.5%
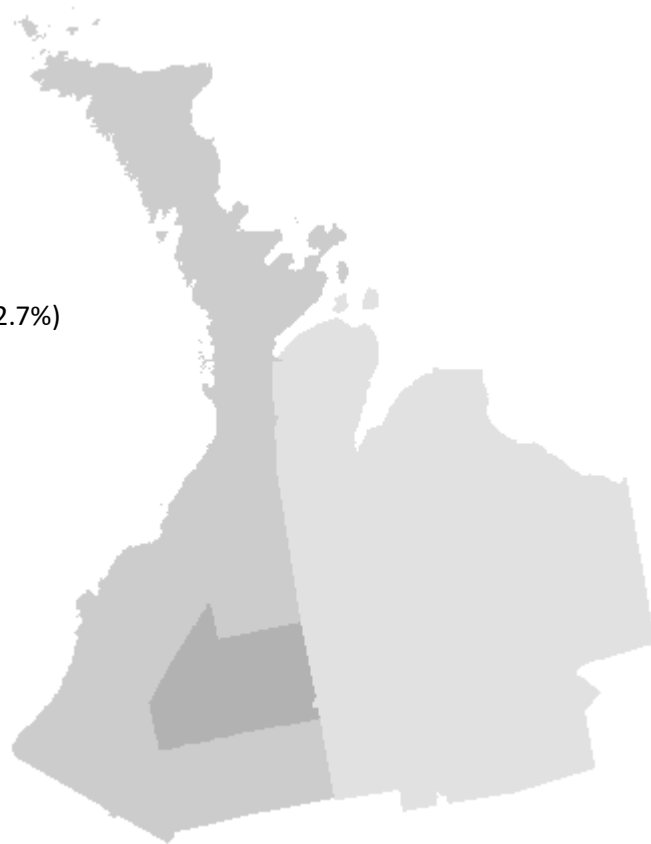
Figure 20. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Brockton
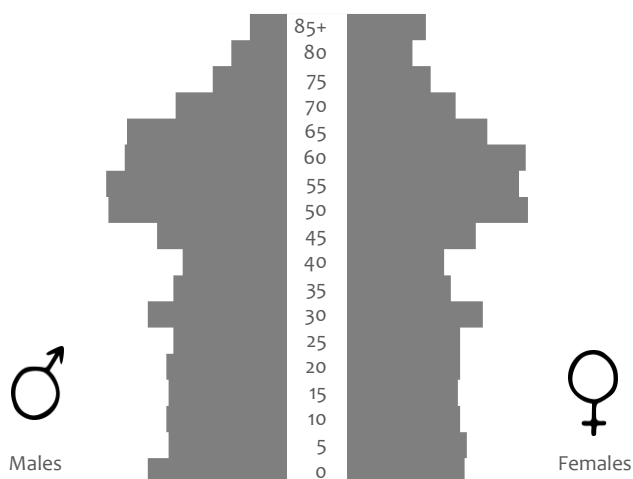
Males

Females

Average age of the population: 43.3

Average age of males: 42.4

Average age of females: 44.3

Population aged 0 to 14: 16.8%

Population aged 15 to 64: 62.2%

Population aged 65 and over: 21.1%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.39

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.37

Total dependency ratio: 0.76

Huron-Kinloss

Huron-Kinloss's population grew by 4.1% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 60 to64 year old age group among both men and women in Huron-Kinloss.

Huron-Kinloss by the Numbers (GNR = 6.1%)

2016 Population: 7069

Sex Distribution: 50.1% Female, 49.9% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +4.1%

Land area: 440.76 km sq.

Population density: 16.0 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 4037

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 2777 (68.8%)

Single-detached dwellings: 90.1%

Other attached dwellings: 9.5%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 0.4%

Average household size: 2.5

Single-person households: 24.1%

Two-person households: 43.4%

Three-person households: 11.5%

Four-person households: 12.2%

Five-or-more-person households: 8.8%
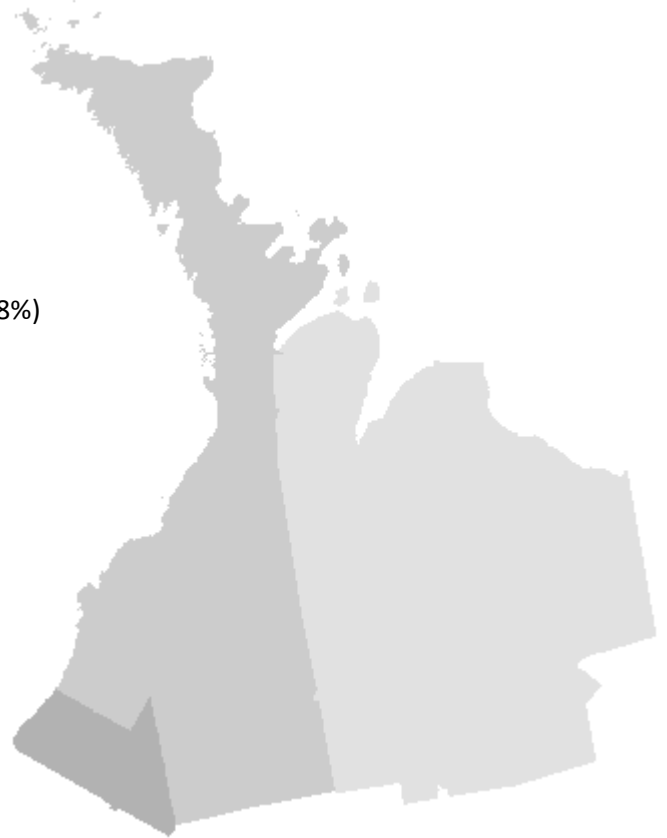
Figure 21. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Huron-Kinloss
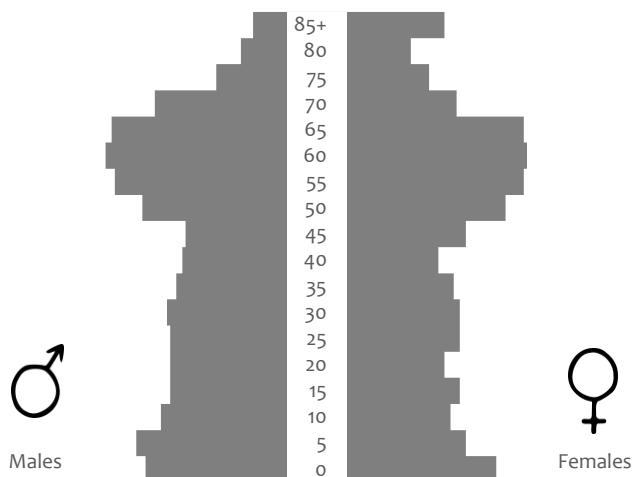
Average age of the population: 43.4

Average age of males: 41.9

Average age of females: 44.8

Population aged 0 to 14: 18.2%

Population aged 15 to 64: 59.1%

Population aged 65 and over: 22.8%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.44

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.43

Total dependency ratio: 0.86

Kincardine

Kincardine's population grew by 1.9% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 60 to64 year old age group among men and in the 55 to 59-year-old age group among women in Kincardine.

Kincardine by the Numbers (GNR = 4.7%)

2016 Population: 11,389

Sex Distribution: 51.3% Female, 48.7% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +1.9%

Land area: 537.94 km sq.

Population density: 21.2 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 5883

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 4855 (82.5%)

Single-detached dwellings: 81.2%

Other attached dwellings: 18.7%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 0.1%

Average household size: 2.3

Single-person households: 29.2%

Two-person households: 39.3%

Three-person households: 12.6%

Four-person households: 12.8%

Five-or-more-person households: 6.2%
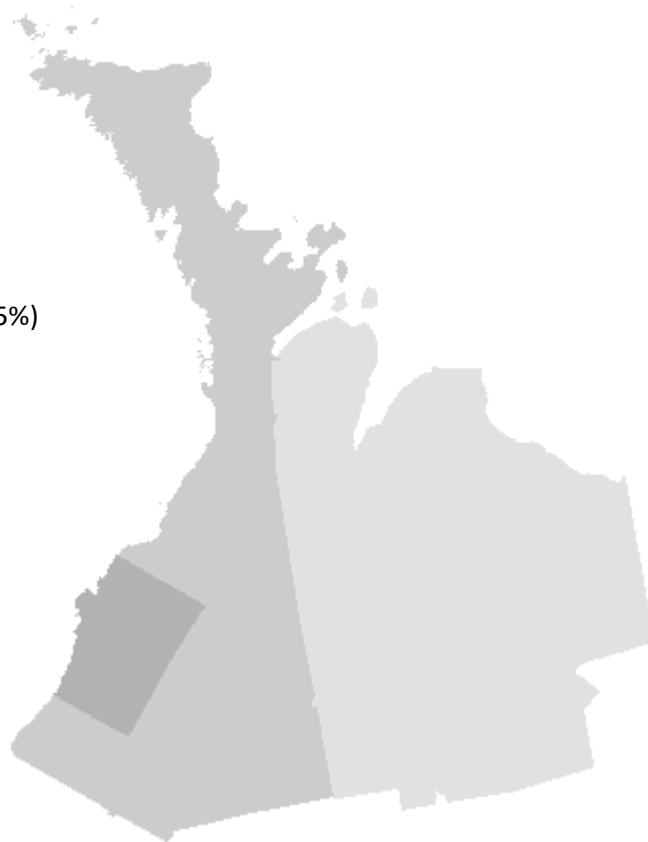
Figure 22. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Kincardine
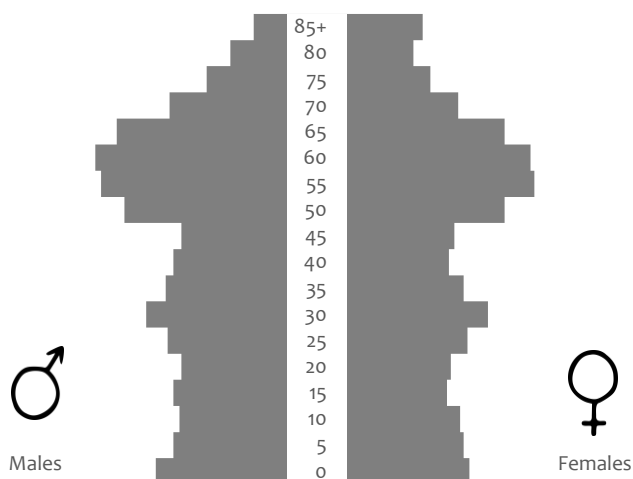
Males

Females

Average age of the population: 44.0

Average age of males: 43.49

Average age of females: 44.5

Population aged 0 to 14: 16.2%

Population aged 15 to 64: 61.8%

Population aged 65 and over: 22.0%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.37

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.39

Total dependency ratio: 0.76

Neyaashiinigmiing First Nation

Neyaashiinigmiing First Nation's population contracted by 7.8% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentages of population in Neyaashiinigmiing First Nation occur in the 0 to 4 and 55 to 59 year old age groups among males, but in the 50 to 54 and 55 to 59 year old age groups among women.

Because of the high GNR rate, these estimates may be biased. Use with caution.

Neyaashiinigmiing First Nation by the Numbers (GNR = 30.5%)

2016 Population[3]: 615

Sex Distribution[3]: 54.5% Female, 46.3% Male

Population Change Since 2011[3]: -7.8%

Land area: 63.84 km sq.

Population density[3]: 9.6 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 410

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 252 (61.5%)

Single-detached dwellings: 88.2%

Other attached dwellings: 9.8%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 2.0%

Average household size[3]: 2.4

Single-person households[3]: 36.0%
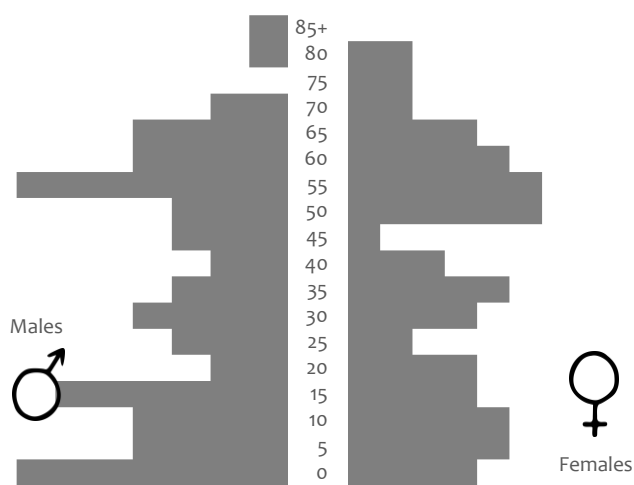
Two-person households[3]: 28.0%

Three-person households[3]: 14.0%

Four-person households[3]: 12.0%

Five-or-more-person households[3]: 10.0%[3]
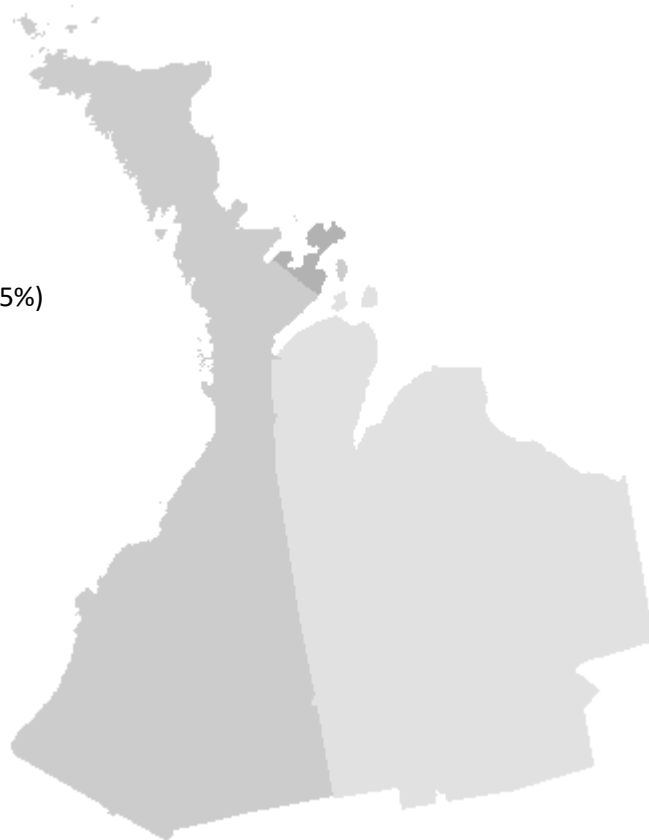
**Figure 23. 2016 Census Population Pyramid[3]
for Neyaashiinigmiing First Nation**

Males

Females

Average age of the population[3]: 37.7

Average age of males[3]: 36.2

Average age of females[3]: 39.0

Population aged 0 to 14[3]: 22.8%

Population aged 15 to 64[3]: 63.4%

Population aged 65 and over: [3] 13.0%

Youth dependency ratio[3]: 0.54

Elderly dependency ratio[3]: 0.23

Total dependency ratio[3]: 0.77

---

[3] Given the GNR of 30.5%, these estimate should not be assumed to accurately represent this population.

Northern Bruce Peninsula

Northern Bruce Peninsula's population grew by 6.8% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 65 to 69-year-old age group among men and women in Northern Bruce Peninsula.

Northern Bruce Peninsula by the Numbers (GNR = 7.3%)

2016 Population: 3999

Sex Distribution: 50.9% Female, 49.1% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +6.8%

Land area: 783.99 km sq.

Population density: 5.1 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 5069

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 1933 (38.1%)

Single-detached dwellings: 94.6%

Other attached dwellings: 4.9%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 0.5%

Average household size: 2.0

Single-person households: 31.3%

Two-person households: 51.6%

Three-person households: 8.0%

Four-person households: 6.5%

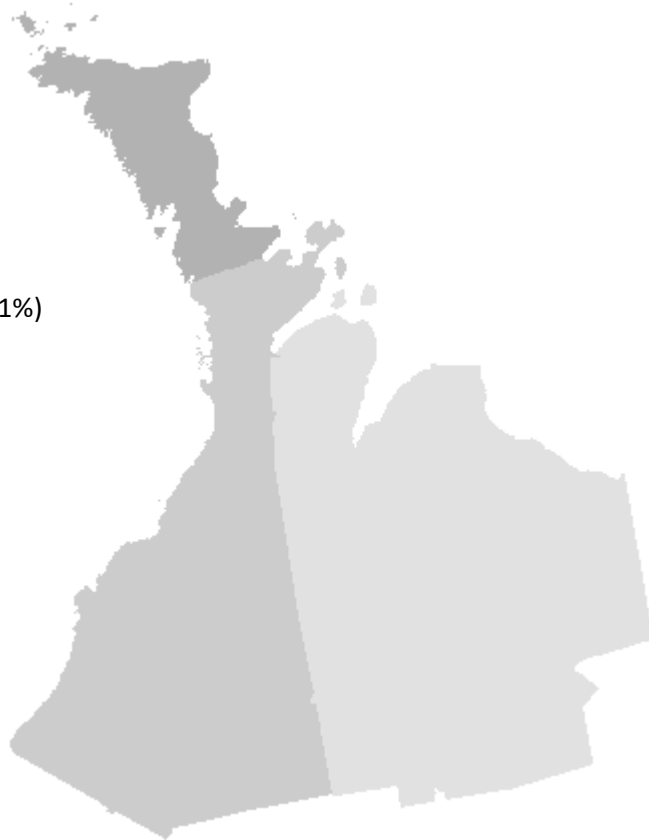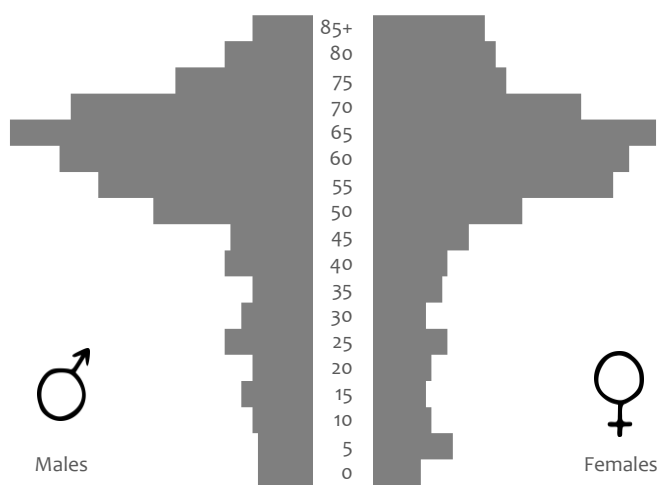Five-or-more-person households: 2.6%

Figure 24. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Northern Bruce Peninsula

Males

Females

Average age of the population: 54.8

Average age of males: 54.2

Average age of females: 55.5

Population aged 0 to 14: 8.0%

Population aged 15 to 64: 52.9%

Population aged 65 and over: 39.0%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.22

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.78

Total dependency ratio: 1.00

Saugeen First Nation

Saugeen First Nation's population grew by 43.4% between the 2011 and 2016 Census. [4]

The highest percentage of population[4] in Saugeen First Nation occurs in the 20 to 24 year old age group among men, but in the 50 to 54 year old age group among women.

Because of the high GNR rate, these estimates may be biased. Use with caution.

Saugeen First Nation by the Numbers (GNR = 46.0%)

2016 Population[4]: 1041
Sex Distribution[4,5]: 49.9% Female, 50.4% Male
Population Change Since 2011[4]: +43.4%
Land area: 41.54 km sq.
Population density[4]: 25.1 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 1466
Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 391 (26.7%)
Single-detached dwellings: 89.9%
Other attached dwellings: 8.9%
Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%
Movable dwellings: 1.3%

Average household size[4]: 2.7
Single-person households[4]: 32.5%
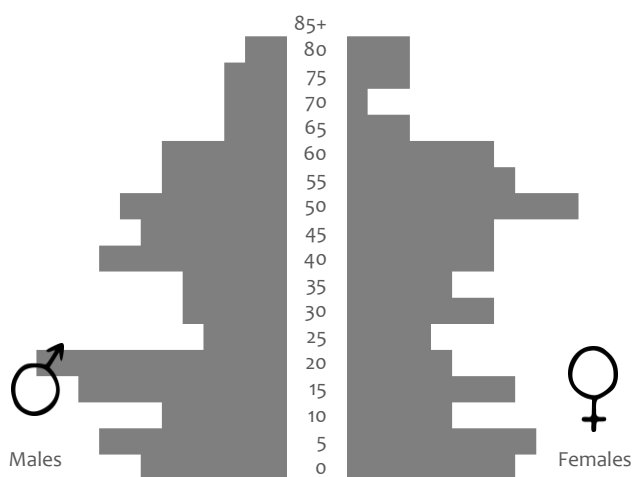Two-person households[4]: 26.0%
Three-person households[4]: 15.6%
Four-person households[4]: 11.7%
Five-or-more-person households[4]: 14.3%

Figure 25. 2016 Census Population Pyramid[4] for Saugeen First Nation

Males

Females

Average age of the population[4]: 36.1
Average age of males[4]: 35.2
Average age of females[4]: 37.0

Population aged 0 to 14[4]: 22.1%
Population aged 15 to 64[4]: 68.3%
Population aged 65 and over[4]: 10.1%

Youth dependency ratio[4]: 0.52
Elderly dependency ratio[4]: 0.17
Total dependency ratio[4]: 0.69

---

[4] Given the GNR of 46.0%, these estimate should not be assumed to accurately represent this population.
[5] Male and female percentages do not total 100% because estimates are rounded.

Saugeen Shores

Saugeen Shores's population grew by 8.3% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 60 to64 year old age group among men and women in Saugeen Shores.

Saugeen Shores by the Numbers (GNR = 5.1%)

2016 Population: 13,715

Sex Distribution: 51.3% Female, 48.7% Male

Population Change Since 2011: +8.3%

Land area: 171.05 km sq.

Population density: 80.2 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 7655

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 6025 (78.7%)

Single-detached dwellings: 77.4%

Other attached dwellings: 21.6%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.1%

Movable dwellings: 1.0%

Average household size: 2.2

Single-person households: 28.3%

Two-person households: 43.3%

Three-person households: 12.3%

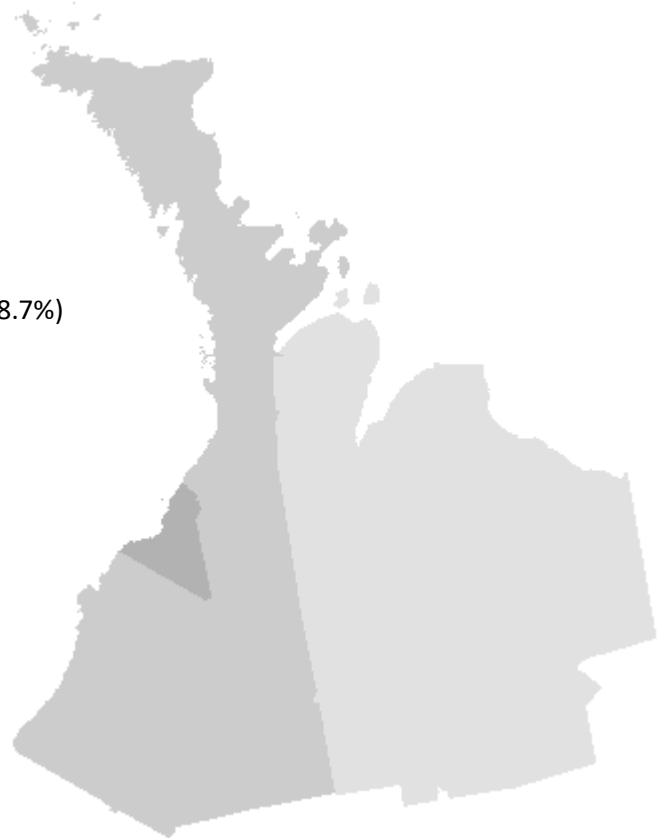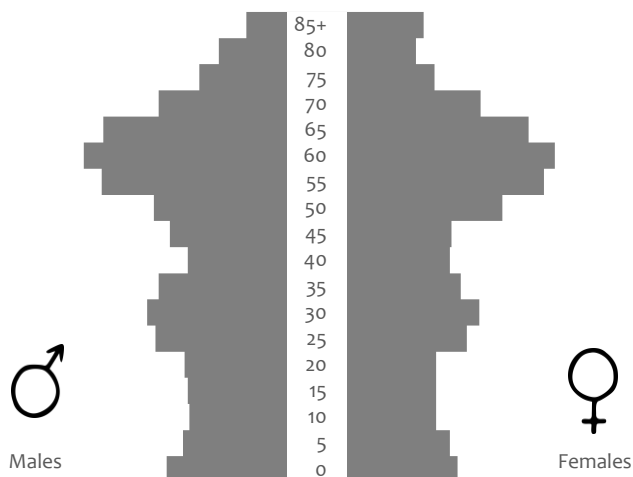Four-person households: 11.3%

Five-or-more-person households: 4.9%

Figure 26. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for Saugeen Shores

Males

Females

Average age of the population: 45.7

Average age of males: 44.8

Average age of females: 46.6

Population aged 0 to 14: 14.4%

Population aged 15 to 64: 61.2%

Population aged 65 and over: 24.5%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.33

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.43

Total dependency ratio: 0.76

South Bruce

South Bruce's population contracted by 0.8% between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 55 to 59 year old age group in South Bruce.

South Bruce by the Numbers (GNR = 4.0%)

2016 Population: 5639

Sex Distribution[6]: 49.2% Female, 50.9% Male

Population Change Since 2011: -0.8%

Land area: 487.48 km sq.

Population density: 11.6 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 2381

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 2200 (92.4%)

Single-detached dwellings: 88.0%

Other attached dwellings: 10.9%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 1.1%

Average household size: 2.6

Single-person households: 24.0%

Two-person households: 37.4%

Three-person households: 14.7%

Four-person households: 13.4%

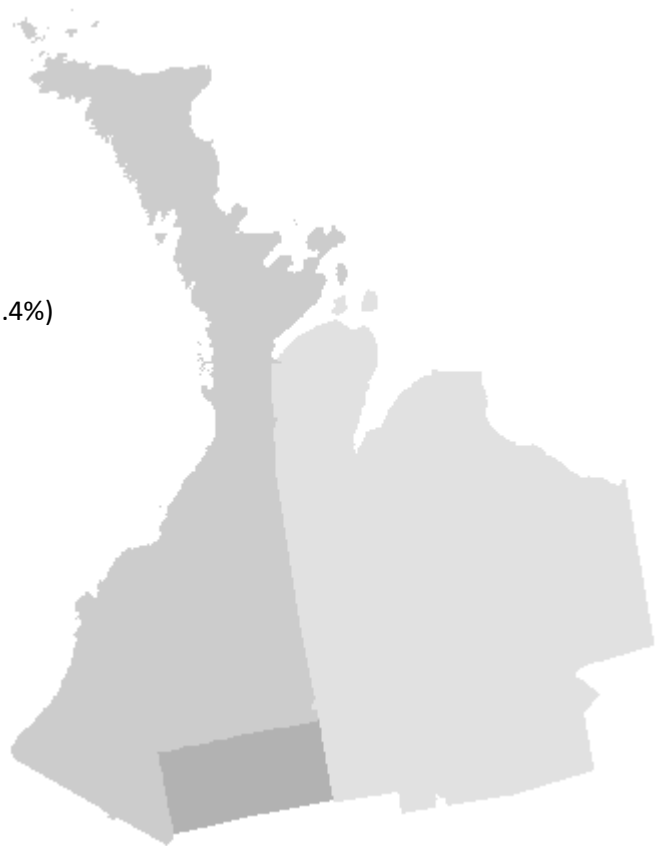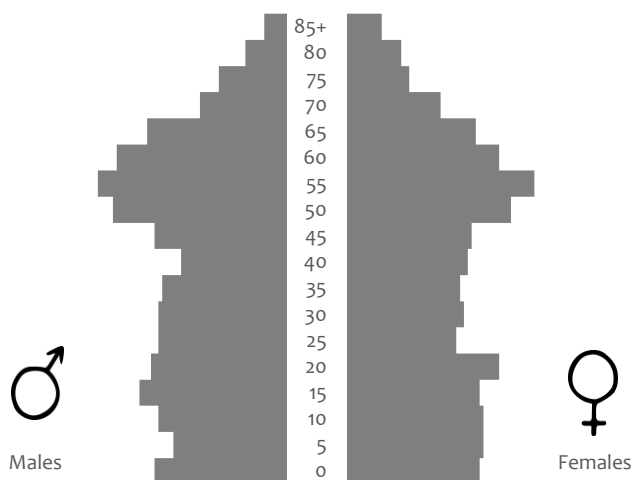Five-or-more-person households: 10.4%

Figure 27. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for South Bruce

Males | Females

Average age of the population: 40.8

Average age of males: 40.9

Average age of females: 40.7

Population aged 0 to 14: 18.1%

Population aged 15 to 64: 65.0%

Population aged 65 and over: 16.9%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.42

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.29

Total dependency ratio: 0.71

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[6] Male and female percentages do not total 100% because estimates are rounded.

South Bruce Peninsula

South Bruce Peninsula's population saw no appreciable change between the 2011 and 2016 Censuses.

The highest percentage of population occurs in the 65 to 69-year-old age group among men and in the 6o to 64-year-old age group among women in South Bruce Peninsula.

South Bruce Peninsula by the Numbers (GNR = 5.4%)

2016 Population: 8416

Sex Distribution[7]: 50.8% Female, 49.3% Male

Population Change Since 2011: 0.0%

Land area: 532.29 km sq.

Population density: 15.8 people / km sq.

Total Private Dwellings: 6945

Total Private Dwellings Occupied by Usual Residents: 3741 (53.9%)

Single-detached dwellings: 88.5%

Other attached dwellings: 11.2%

Apartments in 5+ storey buildings: 0.0%

Movable dwellings: 0.3%
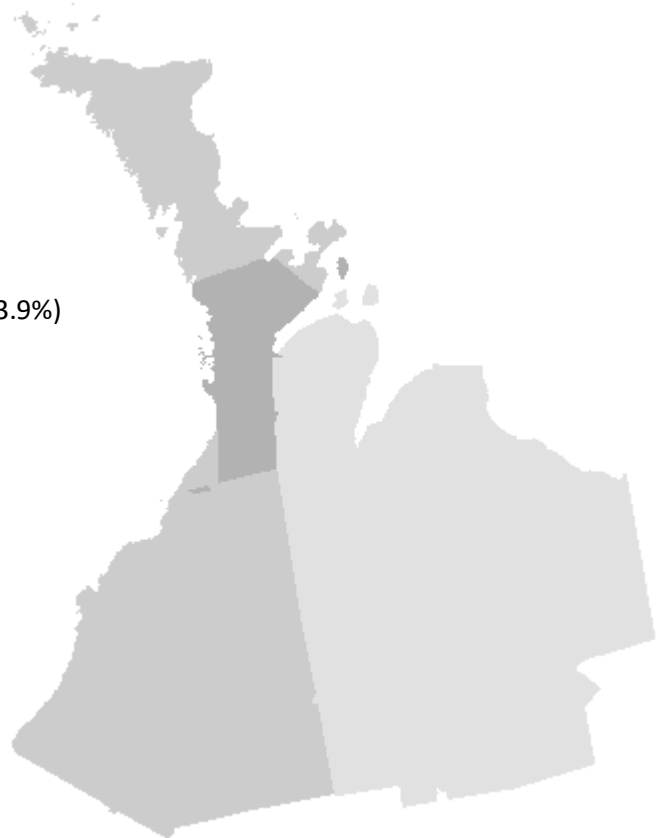
Average household size: 2.2

Single-person households: 28.8%
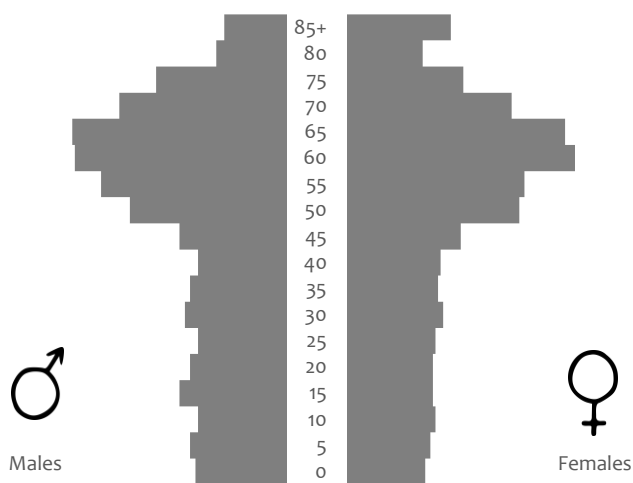
Two-person households: 46.2%

Three-person households: 10.7%

Four-person households: 9.0%

Five-or-more-person households: 5.4%

Figure 28. 2016 Census Population Pyramid for South Bruce Peninsula

Males

Females

Average age of the population: 49.3

Average age of males: 48.4

Average age of females: 50.1

Population aged 0 to 14: 12.2%

Population aged 15 to 64: 57.2%

Population aged 65 and over: 30.5%

Youth dependency ratio: 0.32

Elderly dependency ratio: 0.58

Total dependency ratio: 0.90

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[7] Male and female percentages do not total 100% because estimates are rounded.