

Children and Youth in Grey Bruce: Data from the 2016 Census of Population

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Notes

Data specific to Neyaashiinigmiing and Saugeen First Nations are not presented due to high non-response rates (30.5% and 46.0% respectively).

To ensure confidentiality, the values, including totals, are randomly rounded either up or down to a multiple of '5' or '10.' To understand these data, you must be aware that **each individual value is rounded**. A value of zero (-) does not necessarily mean that there are no people in that particular category.

Data Sources

Population: Statistics Canada. 2017. *Various Geographies. Census Profile*. 2016 Census. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-316-X2016001. Ottawa. Released May 3, 2017. <http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/dp-pd/prof/index.cfm?Lang=E> (accessed May 5, 2017).

Low Income Rate: Statistics Canada. 2017. *Various Geographies. Census Profile - Age, Sex, Type of Dwelling, Families, Households, Marital Status, Language and Income for Canada, Provinces and Territories, Census Divisions and Census Subdivisions*. 2016 Census. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-401-X2016052. Ottawa. Released Sept 13, 2017. <http://www5.statcan.gc.ca/olc-olc/olc.action?objId=98-401-X2016053&objType=46&lang=en&limit=0> (accessed Sept 13 2017).

Family structure: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census of Population, Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-400-X2016041. <http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/dp-pd/dt-td/Rp-eng.cfm?TABID=2&LANG=E&A=R&APATH=3&DETAIL=0&DIM=0&FL=A&FREE=0&GC=01&GL=-1&GID=1159582&GK=1&GRP=1&O=D&PID=109660&PRID=10&PTYPE=109445&S=0&SHOWALL=0&SUB=0&Temporal=2016&THEME=117&VID=0&VNAMEE=&VNAM EF=&D1=0&D2=0&D3=0&D4=0&D5=0&D6=0>

Immigration: Source: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census of Population, Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-400-X2016185. <http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/dp-pd/dt-td/Rp-eng.cfm?TABID=1&LANG=E&A=R&APATH=3&DETAIL=0&DIM=0&FL=A&FREE=0&GC=01&GL=-1&GID=1257309&GK=1&GRP=1&O=D&PID=110526&PRID=10&PTYPE=109445&S=0&SHOWALL=0&SUB=0&Temporal=2017&THEME=120&VID=0&VNAMEE=&VNAM EF=&D1=0&D2=0&D3=0&D4=0&D5=0&D6=0>

Population (0-19 years)

In 2016 there were 14,180 children and youth aged 0 to 19 living in Bruce County, and 19,060 in Grey County. Children and youth make up 20.8% of Bruce County's population, and 20.3% of Grey County's; both lower than the provincial proportion of 22.5%. The following figure displays the percentage of the population that is made up of children and youth aged 0 to 19 in each Grey Bruce municipality. Children and youth make up a smaller proportion of the population in most Grey Bruce municipalities when compared to Ontario. The three municipalities where children and youth make up the highest proportions of the population are Southgate, Arran-Elderslie, and South Bruce.

Figure 1. Proportion of the population aged 0 to 19, Grey Bruce Municipalities, 2016

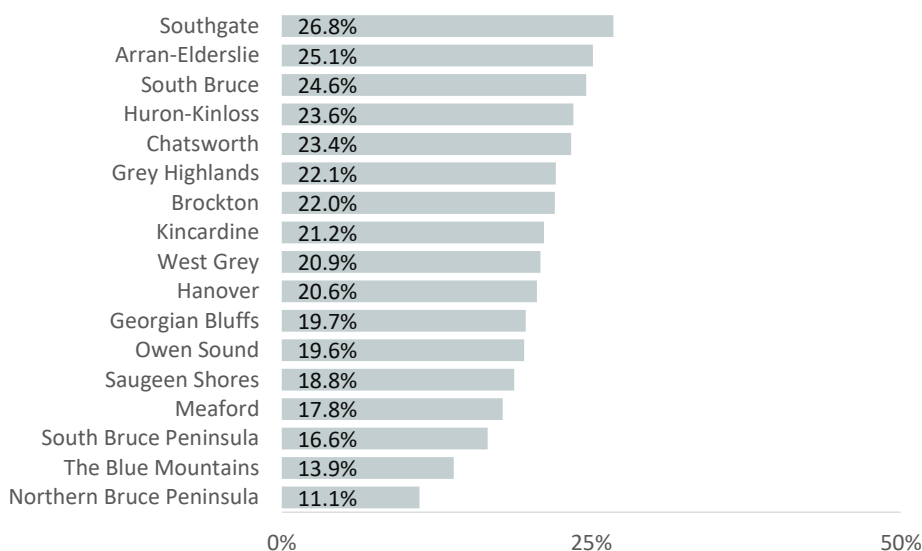


Table 1. Population aged 0 to 19, Grey Bruce Municipalities, 2016

Geography (population)	0 - 19 years (%)	0 - 4 years (%)	5 - 9 years (%)	10 - 14 years (%)	15 - 19 years (%)
Ontario (13,448,495)	3,019,645 (22.5)	697,360 (5.2)	756,085 (5.6)	754,530 (5.6)	811,670 (6.0)
Grey Bruce (161,975)	33,240 (20.5)	8,310 (5.1)	8,305 (5.1)	8,045 (5.0)	8,580 (5.3)
Bruce (68,145)	14,180 (20.8)	3,790 (5.6)	3,645 (5.3)	3,335 (4.9)	3,410 (5.0)
Arran-Elderslie (6,805)	1,710 (25.1)	470 (6.9)	490 (7.2)	380 (5.6)	370 (5.4)
Brockton (9,460)	2,085 (22.0)	555 (5.9)	525 (5.5)	505 (5.3)	500 (5.3)
Huron-Kinloss (7,070)	1,665 (23.6)	470 (6.6)	440 (6.2)	375 (5.3)	380 (5.4)
Kincardine (11,385)	2,410 (21.2)	665 (5.8)	600 (5.3)	580 (5.1)	565 (5.0)
N. Bruce Peninsula (4,000)	445 (11.1)	95 (2.4)	125 (3.1)	105 (2.6)	120 (3.0)
Saugeen Shores (13,715)	2,575 (18.8)	730 (5.3)	655 (4.8)	595 (4.3)	595 (4.3)
S. Bruce Peninsula (8,415)	1,400 (16.6)	325 (3.9)	350 (4.2)	345 (4.1)	380 (4.5)
South Bruce (5,635)	1,385 (24.6)	345 (6.1)	330 (5.9)	345 (6.1)	365 (6.5)
Grey (93,830)	19,060 (20.3)	4,520 (4.8)	4,660 (5.0)	4,710 (5.0)	5,170 (5.5)
The Blue Mountains (7,025)	975 (13.9)	200 (2.8)	220 (3.1)	240 (3.4)	315 (4.5)
Chatsworth (6,630)	1,550 (23.4)	375 (5.7)	355 (5.4)	385 (5.8)	435 (6.6)
Georgian Bluffs (10,480)	2,065 (19.7)	440 (4.2)	500 (4.8)	525 (5.0)	600 (5.7)
Grey Highlands (9,805)	2,170 (22.1)	530 (5.4)	565 (5.8)	505 (5.2)	570 (5.8)
Hanover (7,690)	1,585 (20.6)	350 (4.6)	415 (5.4)	420 (5.5)	400 (5.2)
Meaford (10,990)	1,960 (17.8)	485 (4.4)	490 (4.5)	455 (4.1)	530 (4.8)
Owen Sound (21,340)	4,175 (19.6)	1,040 (4.9)	1,025 (4.8)	1,010 (4.7)	1,100 (5.2)
Southgate (7,355)	1,970 (26.8)	515 (7.0)	455 (6.2)	485 (6.6)	515 (7.0)
West Grey (12,520)	2,615 (20.9)	590 (4.7)	625 (5.0)	690 (5.5)	710 (5.7)

Low Income Rate (0-17 years)

According to the [low income measures, after-tax](#) (LIM-AT), a household has low income if its after-tax income is less than half of the median after-tax income of all households in Canada. The LIM is adjusted for household size because a household's needs increase as the number of members increases.

In 2015, 18.4% of children and youth aged 0 to 17 in Ontario lived in low-income households, according to the LIM-AT. The low-income rate among children and youth was slightly lower than Ontario in Bruce County, at 17.9% and higher in Grey County, at 20.0%. The following figure displays the prevalence of low income in Grey Bruce municipalities among children and youth under 18 years of age. About half of Grey Bruce municipalities have more children and youth in low-income households relative to Ontario. The highest low income rates among children and youth were found in Huron-Kinloss, Chatsworth, Owen Sound, Southgate, and Arran-Elderslie, where around one quarter of children and youth live in low-income households. The table below displays the number of children living in low-income households in Grey Bruce municipalities, along with the proportion of their age group that they represent (e.g. 19.4% of children under 5 in Bruce County lived in low-income households in 2015). In most municipalities, children under 5 are more likely to belong to low-income households than children under 17.

Figure 2. Proportion of children aged 0-17 in low income households, according to LIM-AT, Grey Bruce Municipalities, 2015

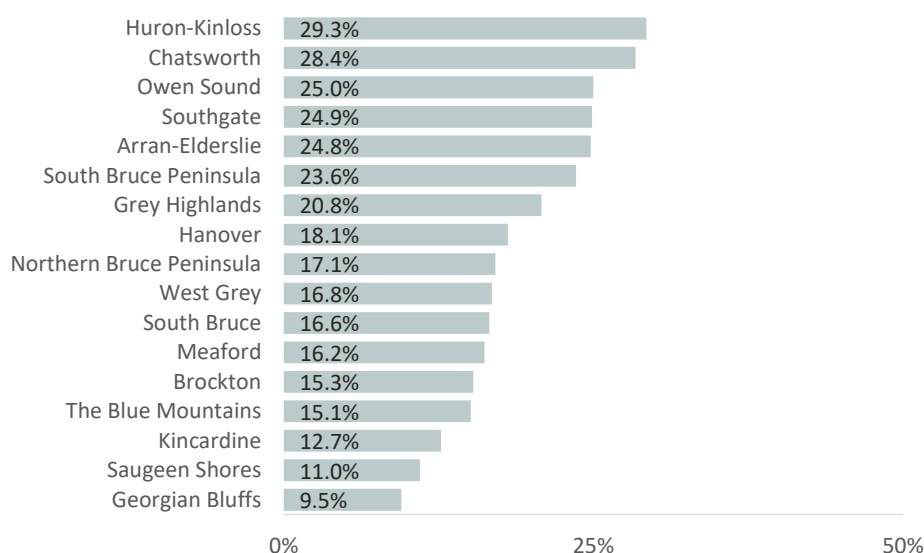


Table 2. Children in low income households, according to LIM-AT, Grey Bruce Municipalities, 2015

Geography	Aged 0 to 5 (%)	Aged 0 to 17 (%)	Geography	Aged 0 to 5 (%)	Aged 0 to 17 (%)
Ontario	165,140 (19.8)	489,905 (18.4)	Grey	1,340 (24.5)	3,375 (20.0)
Grey Bruce	2,185 (22.2)	5,580 (19.2)	Blue Mountains	55 (22.4)	125 (15.1)
Bruce	845 (19.4)	2,205 (17.9)	Chatsworth	155 (34.4)	390 (28.4)
Arran-Elderslie	160 (28.1)	390 (24.8)	Grey Highlands	165 (26.0)	400 (20.8)
Brockton	100 (15.3)	290 (15.3)	Georgian Bluffs	50 (9.1)	170 (9.5)
Huron-Kinloss	200 (36.0)	440 (29.3)	Hanover	95 (21.8)	255 (18.1)
Kincardine	110 (13.9)	275 (12.7)	Meaford	115 (19.7)	280 (16.2)
N. Bruce Peninsula	15 (13.0)	65 (17.1)	Owen Sound	360 (29.0)	925 (25.0)
Saugeen Shores	90 (10.5)	255 (11.0)	Southgate	195 (31.5)	440 (24.9)
South Bruce	65 (15.7)	205 (16.6)	West Grey	150 (21.0)	390 (16.8)
S. Bruce Peninsula	110 (28.6)	295 (23.6)			

Family Structure (0-14 years)

A census family is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.

Table 3 displays the family structures of children aged 0 to 14 in Bruce and Grey counties, and Ontario. In 2016, 76.3% of children aged 0-14 in Bruce County lived in a family with two biological or adoptive parents, as did 72.5% in Grey County. Children living in families with one biological/adoptive parent and one step-parent made up 6.8% of children in Bruce County and 7.8% in Grey County, while children living in a one-parent family made up 15.3% of children in Bruce County and 17.9% in Grey County. Less than one percent of children in Bruce County (0.8%) and a little over 1% of children in Grey County (1.2%) lived with one or more grandparent without parents present, while 0.4% of children in both Bruce and Grey counties lived with other relatives. Children living in foster families made up 0.3% of children in both Bruce and Grey counties.

Table 3. Family Characteristics of Children (0-14), Ontario, Bruce County, and Grey County, 2016

Family Characteristics	Ontario (%)	Grey Bruce (%)	Bruce (%)	Grey (%)
Population 0 to 14 years	2,203,720	24,585	10,750	13,835
Children in census families (as in sons, daughters or grandchildren)	2,189,925 (99.4)	24,405 (99.3)	10,665 (99.2)	13,740 (99.3)
Living with two biological or adoptive parents	1,645,880 (74.7)	18,225 (74.1)	8,200 (76.3)	10,025 (72.5)
Living with one biological or adoptive parent and one step-parent	113,675 (5.2)	1,815 (7.4)	735 (6.8)	1,080 (7.8)
Living with one parent in a lone-parent census family	419,375 (19)	4,125 (16.8)	1,650 (15.3)	2,475 (17.9)
With a male lone parent	66,605 (3)	750 (3.1)	320 (3)	430 (3.1)
With a female lone parent	352,770 (16)	3,375 (13.7)	1,330 (12.4)	2,045 (14.8)
Living with grandparents without parents present	10,990 (0.5)	250 (1.0)	85 (0.8)	165 (1.2)
Children not in census families	13,795 (0.6)	175 (0.7)	80 (0.7)	95 (0.7)
Living with other relatives	8,150 (0.4)	95 (0.4)	45 (0.4)	50 (0.4)
Foster children	5,645 (0.3)	75 (0.3)	35 (0.3)	40 (0.3)

Immigration (0-14 years)

Canada's immigrant population is defined as persons who are, or who have been, landed immigrants a.k.a. permanent residents in Canada. A landed immigrant is not a Canadian citizen by birth, but has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Refugees, students, and those with work permits or Minister's permits are not landed immigrants, but non-permanent residents. Non-permanent residents are persons from another country who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants, along with their family members sharing the same permit and living in Canada with them

The following table displays the immigrant status of children aged 0 to 14 in Ontario, Bruce County, and Grey County in 2016. Immigrants and non-permanent residents made up a small proportion of the population aged 0 to 14 in both Bruce and Grey counties in 2016. As is the case in other age groups, the proportions of 0 to 14 year olds in Grey Bruce who were or had ever been landed immigrants or non-permanent residents in 2016 were low relative to the provincial proportions.

Table 4. Immigrant Status of Children (0-14), Ontario, Bruce County, and Grey County, 2016

Immigrant Status	Geography (population aged 0 to 14)			
	Ontario (2,203,720)	Grey Bruce (24,590)	Bruce (10,750)	Grey (13,840)
Non-immigrants (%)	2,037,710 (92.5)	24,310 (98.9)	10,620 (98.8)	13,690 (98.9)
Immigrants (%)	147,320 (6.7)	255 (1.0)	120 (1.1)	135 (1.0)
Non-permanent Residents (%)	18,690 (0.8)	25 (0.1)	15 (0.1)	10 (0.1)